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April 4, 2018

ERI Project No.: 0807#0696

APR 1 0 2018

Mr. Tyler Brown, Program Manager
Department of Natural Resources & Environmental Control
Wetlands & Subaqueous Lands Section
89 Kings Highway
Dover, Delaware 19901-7305

Re: Oyster House Village Community Dock

Tax Map Parcel 334-19.00-173.00 Lands of the United States of America

Lewes & Rehoboth Hundred, Sussex County, Delaware

Waterway: Lewes-Rehoboth Canal

Applicant: OHV DE, LLC. Attn: Mr. Kevin Delaney

Dear Mr. Brown,

Environmental Resources, Inc. (ERI), is submitting the enclosed application for a Marina Permit, Subaqueous Lands Permit, and Water Quality Certificate for a 520 foot long community dock to be located along the westerly shoreline of the Lewes-Rehoboth Canal. The project site begins 700 feet south of the Delaware State Route One highway bridge over the Canal. The project site is located on lands owned by the United States of America managed by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) Real Estate Division located in the Baltimore District. Pre-Application discussions about the project have occurred with that office and with the Philadelphia District Operations Division. The design and scope of the proposed project have been guided by those discussions. In addition, consultation with the Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control (DNREC) Waterway Management Program has also occurred. DNREC maintains lease for a small storage compound to facilitate their dredging operations also at this location. ERI and the applicant have reached a preliminary agreement about relocating and expanding the storage compound as shown on the enclosed plans with Mr. Chuck Williams and Mr. Scott Figurski of that office. DNREC will also be permitted to seasonally use the northern portion of the proposed dock for mooring during their active dredging season.

Upon review of the project by the Corps Operations Division, Real Estate Section, and your office; the applicant and DNREC will seek new leases from the Corps to allow for the uses of government property as proposed herein.



The applicant is the owner and developer of the adjacent land, Tax Map Parcel 334-19.08-42.00 where a single family home community consisting of 30 units is approved. As is the case with other areas along the Lewes-Rehoboth Canal, the proposed project and Corps lease will provide recreational water access for these residents.

As discussed, the project will provide DNREC's Waterway's Management Section with an improved facility which includes fire protection at the dock. The project also addresses the serious problem of bank erosion which is especially severe on the southern portion of the property. Redevelopment of this site will also remove deteriorated docks and pilings remaining from the past use of the site as an oyster processing facility.

The details of the project are explained in the enclosed permit application. I am also enclosing full size project plans in addition to 8 ½" x 11" permit drawings. Also enclosed are the application fee, O&M Plan approval fee and the public notice fee.

An application for a Coastal Zone Consistency Determination has also been filed with DNREC's Coastal Management Program. Upon your review, if you or your staff have any questions in regards to the application I am available at your convenience.

Sincerely,

ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES, INC.

APR 1 0 2018

Edward M. Launay

Principal

cc: Mr. Kevin Delaney, OHV DE., LLC.

Section	1:	App	licant	Ider	itificat	ion
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1.	Applicant's Name: OHV DE, Mailing Address: Attention: M 34 East Germantown Pike, Norristown, PA 19401	Ir. K	eith Delaney			#: 484-322-5440 kdelaney@d2organization.com	
2.	Mailing Address: 38173 DuF	ont	aunay Blvd aware 19975	Telepl	none	Name: <u>Environmental Resourc</u> es, Inc #: <u>(302) 436-9637</u> 02) 436-9639	is .
3.	Contractor's Name:unknown Mailing Address:	n		Compa Teleph Fax #:	any N one	elaunay@ericonsultants.com Name: #:	
Car	Afon 2. Desired Desired			-		THE PROPERTY OF THE PERSON OF	
Sec	tion 2: Project Description			•			
5. Im to	Check those that apply: New Project/addition to existing pro Project Purpose (attach additional provements and redevelopments are provide a community dock for edock will also be used by I	shee	of former oyster house to to 20 vessels for adia	process	ing /ster	facility along Lewes Rehoboth Can r House Village residential commun ram. (see attached)	al ity.
6.	Check each Appendix that is enclosed	osed					
V	A. Boat Docking Facilities	Y	G. Bulkheads		V,	N. Preliminary Marina Checklist	
-	B. Boat Ramps C. Road Crossings		H. Fill		Y	O. Marinas	
	D. Channel Modifications/Dams		I. Rip-Rap Sills and Reve J. Vegetative Stabilization			P. Stormwater Management Q. Ponds and Impoundments	
$\overline{}$	E. Utility Crossings		K. Jetties, Groins, Breaky		\checkmark	R. Maintenance Dredging	
	F. Intake or Outfall Structures		M. Activities in State We		Ť	S. New Dredging	
						APR 1 0 2018	
7.	rion 3: Project Location Project Site Address: 700' sout ghway bridge over Lewes Re	h of	oth Canal Address Attn: N	ner name s of site o Nicole D	(if o wne esi	N.C. E Kent Sussex different from applicant): er: United States of America mond U.S. Army Corp of Engineers	
Q	Driving Directions:		Baltimo	re Distr	ict]	Real Estate Division / PO Box 1715	
Fror	n SR1east of Route 1A Rehobo	oth A	ve, access Ovster House	e Road	ther	and 21203 n proceed to Lewes-Rehoboth Canal or	n sout
(Atta	ach a vicinity map identifying road	nam	es and the project location)) si	de o	f Oyster House Road.	, Joul
9. '	Tax Parcel ID Number: 334-19.	<u> </u>	73.00 Subdivi	sion Nan	ne: <u>(</u>	Oyster House Village	
WSI	LS Use Only: Permit #s:	14	5/18				ĺ
Тур	· /	SU [LA		SA MP WA WA	
Corp	os Permit: SPGP 18 🗆 20 🗆 Na	tion			_ In	dividual Permit #	
Kece Fee 1	ived Date: 4/24/18 Received? Yes No Amt	- 0	Project Scientist: Receipt :	#. ~	2.00	102	
			otice Dates: ON	#: _ 78	OH		
			5 PN 483	200	31	8	hil
Last F	Revised on: March 28, 2017	•	ن د د د د د	241	9.		

Section 2, Item 5 Project Description

The project site is Tax Map Parcel 334-19.00-173.00 located in the Lewes-Rehoboth Hundred, Sussex County, Delaware. The project involves redevelopment of 550 feet of shoreline on the western bank of the Lewes-Rehoboth Canal beginning 700 feet south of the Delaware State Route One highway bridge crossing the Canal. The project site is owned by the United States of America and managed by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) Real Estate Division. As is common practice along the Canal, the Real Estate Division grants a license for adjoining owners to obtain recreational water access.

The applicant OHV DE, LLC. is the owner and developer of Oyster House Village located on the abutting property, Tax Map Parcel 334-19.00-173.00. A residential community for 30 single family homes is approved at that location.

The proposed community dock and associated improvements as described below will provide Oyster House Village residents with recreational water access, including the ability to seasonally moor up to 20 vessels. Other benefits of the redevelopment project include remediation of severe bank erosion which is ongoing at the site, removal of deteriorated dock structures and piles which remain on the site from its past use as an oyster processing facility, and providing for an improved and expanded storage compound for the Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control (DNREC) Waterway Management Section dredging operations.

The applicant will allow DNREC to seasonally use the northern portion of the community dock for the dredging operation which typically occurs through the fall and winter season. The elements of the proposed project are illustrated on plans entitled Proposed Community Dock at Oyster House Village, prepared by Solutions IPEM, LLC. Georgetown, Delaware.

The elements of the proposed project are described as follows:

Community Dock: A 520 foot long, 6 foot wide community dock constructed parallel to the existing shoreline is proposed. The proposed dock and mooring area is located landward of the federal navigation channel and its 10 foot wide buffer. A maximum number of 20 boats will be seasonally moored along the proposed dock. The dock will be of typical marine construction using salt treated piles, timbers, and decking secured with galvanized hardware. Pile bent spacing will be 8 feet on center. Two six foot wide access piers totaling 17 feet channelward of mean high water will provide access between the dock and uplands. A kayak/canoe launch ladder will be located opposite the southern access pier. The elevation of the pier will be 3.5 feet (North American Vertical Datum) NAVD88. The local mean high water elevation is +1.2 feet NAVD88. The local mean low water elevation is -0.8 feet NAVD88.

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An existing landing platform underlain by a timber crib structure back filled with earth occurs toward the northerly end of the proposed dock. This structure will be rebuilt and encased with 76 feet of vinyl sheet pile retaining wall constructed at or landward of the mean high water line. The proposed retaining wall will be even with the channelward face of the dock, thereby providing the main access point to it. As discussed later, this land access is important to patrons as well as to DNREC dredging crews who will use it for their seasonal operations. A hydrant for fire protection will be provided at this location as well.

Since the community dock is considered a marina under DNREC Regulations, other land based facilities are required. For fire protection, an additional hydrant will be located at the easterly access pier. A small marina storage building will be located at the northerly access pier. Marina signage, emergency spill kit, and a portable marine pump out station will be housed at the building.

Currently the DNREC Waterway Management Program has a lease for a storage compound enclosed with a chain link fence near the center of the site. As part of this project the storage compound will be enlarged and relocated to the north end of the site for improved access. Screened type fencing will be used for the enclosure. Gated access to the future vinyl sheet pile retaining wall landing will be provided. The applicant and DNREC have agreed that no mooring of resident's boats will be permitted on the north end of the pier after Labor Day and until April 15th of the calendar year. During this time DNREC will use the dock for mooring dredges and other vessels and the management and assembly of dredge spoil pipe.

Shoreline Stabilization: The entire shoreline opposite and extending beyond the proposed dock, 470 linear feet total will be stabilized with a riprap revetment constructed from quarry stone. Serious bank erosion is occurring through the central portion of the property where a high unstabilized vertical bank occurs. Existing concrete and rubble debris was used in the past to secure other portions of the shoreline. This material will be removed and replaced with a properly constructed riprap revetment underlain with geotextile fabric. Various riprap cross sections as illustrated by project plans will be used. In some areas, the bank will be pulled back to install the revetment.

A total of 30 square feet of waters channelward of mean low water will be filled by riprap. A total of 1800 square feet of intertidal area between mean low water and mean high water will be filled by riprap. A total of 60 cubic yards of quarry stone will be discharged below mean low water. Total volume of riprap is estimated at 340 cubic yards.

Maintenance Dredging: Minor maintenance dredging along the face of the proposed dock is required. Dredging depth will match the 3.5 foot depth NAVD88 of the canal. The navigation channel is currently approximately 6.0 feet below NAVD88. The proposed dredge depth will taper back to elevation 2.0 feet landward of the dock. Dredge material is dominated of sand sediments and cobble which was once used as backfill for crib and dock structures when the site was occupied by an oyster processing facility. Eroded bank material is another component. The total area of dredging is 7,275 square feet. The total volume of dredging is 300 cubic yards.

2



Disposal of spoil material will be on site within a low lying area at the south end of the project site. As shown on the site plan and F ill- Riprap Bank Section A, this portion of the site will be filled to elevations between 3.2 to 4.0 feet with spoils, compacted when dried and covered with a topsoil cap, seeded with grass for stabilization. During operations the fill area will be secured with super silt fence to prevent erosion. Use of mechanical dredging methods is proposed. The total area of the spoil disposal location is 15,200 square feet. Dredging operations will occur along with removal of existing docks and pilings and construction of riprap embankments. This work will be completed prior to the proposed community dock construction.

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Section 5: Project Loca	uon (Conunuea)		
10. Name of waterbody	at Project Location: Lewes Rehoboth C	Canal waterbody is a tributary to	: Rehoboth Bay
11. Is the waterbody:	▼ Tidal □ Non-tidal Water	body width at mean low or ordi	nary high water <u>120 feet</u>
12. Is the project:		✓On private subaqueous lands' ☐ In Federally-regulated wetlan	
*If the project is on priva	te subaqueous lands, provide the name	e of the subaqueous lands owner	r:
(Written permission from	the private subaqueous lands owner r	nust be included with this applie	cation)
13. Present Zoning:	☐ Agricultural ☐ Residential	☐ Commercial ☐ Industrial	Other
Section 4: Miscellaneous	S		APR 1 0 2018
project (attach addition The project site and i	nd complete mailing addresses of the onal sheets as necessary): ts surroundings are located uponed by the Baltimore District Coadjoining owners.	n lands owned by the Unite	ed States of America
B. For wetlands and foot radius of the project (marina projects, list the names and cattach additional sheets as necessary):	omplete mailing addresses of p	roperty owners within a 1,000
	See Attached		
15. Provide the names of I Edward Bonner, ACC Charles Myers, ACOI	ONREC and/or Army Corps of Engineer Nicole Desimone Chuck Williams,	e, ACOE Scott Fi	discussed the project with:
B. Has the project bee	ate Jurisdictional Determination performs reviewed in a monthly Joint Permit the date of the meeting?	rmed on the property? Processing Meeting?	☐ Yes No
*If yes, provide t	actures or fill at the project site in suba he permit and/or lease number(s): oyster processing plant to be re		s 🗆 No
*If no, were struc	etures and/or fill in place prior to 1969	?	
17. Have you applied for No Pendi	or obtained a Federal permit from the ng Ssued Denied		018 APR 1 0 2018
Type of Permit: <u>Individ</u>	ual DOA Permit F	Federal Permit or ID #:not ass	signed yet
18. Have you applied for No	permits from other Sections within DN Issued Denied		mit or ID #:
Type of permit (circle all t	that apply): Septic Well NP	DES Storm Water	
Other:			



Last Revised on: March 28, 2017

Section 5: Signature Page

19. Agent Authorization:	
If you choose to complete this section, all future corresponding agent. In addition, the agent will become the primary points.	ondence to the Department may be signed by the duly authorized int of contact for all correspondence from the Department.
I do not wish to authorize an agent to act on my behalf	
I wish to authorize an agent as indicated below $\mathbb{C}\mathbf{X}$	
I, <u>Keith Delaney, OHV DE, LLC.</u> , hereby des (Name of Applicant) to act on my behalf in the processing of this application at Department.	(Name of Agent)
Authorized Agent's Name: Edward M, Launay Mailing Address: Environmental Resources, Inc. 38173 DuPont Blvd. Selbyville, Delaware 19975	Telephone #: _(302) 436-9637 Fax #: _(302) 436-9639 E-mail: elaunay@ericonsultants.com
20. Agent's Signature:	APR 10 2018
Agent's Signature 21. Applicant's Signature I hereby certify that the information on this form and on the and that I am required to inform the Department of any ch further understand that the Department may request inform	he attached plans are true and accurate to the best of my knowledge. The attached plans are true and accurate to the best of my knowledge anges or updates to the information provided in this application. I nation in addition to that set forth herein if deemed necessary to not o authorized Department representatives to enter upon the March 26,2018 Date
22. Contractor's Signature:	
and that I am required to inform the Department of any cha	the attached plans are true and accurate to the best of my knowledge, anges or updates to the information provided in this application. I nation in addition to that set forth herein if deemed necessary to
unknown	
Contractor's Name	Date
Print Name	

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Last Revised on: March 28, 2017

BOAT DOCKING FACILITIES

Any boat docking facility for more than four (4) vessels is considered a marina facility (see definitions and explanations section) and requires the applicant to complete Appendices N and O, and make application to the U. S. Army Corps of Engineers for approval.

Please make sure answers to all of the questions in this appendix correspond with information on the application drawings.

1. Briefly describe the project. (Attach additional sheets as necessary.)

Construction of a 520 foot long community dock, approximently 46 feet of which will be located over uplands. See Basic Application Section 2, Item 5.

2. Please provide numbers and dimensions as follows:

Mooring Buoy: How many moorings will be installed? _

Support Pilings	MHW or OHW) Length	MLW- n/a water) Width	for non-tidal	New, repair or maintain
Pilings		Length			
		Length	Midth		
	E+		vviutii	Length	
	ft.	ft.	ft.	ft.	
120	6	474	474	6	new
2	6	13	6	6	new
0	6	4	6	3	new
0	6	3	0	0	new
lumber					
J L	0	0 6 0 6 mber	0 6 4 0 6 3	0 6 4 6 0 0 6 3 0 0 mber	0 6 4 6 3 0 6 3 0 0

	What will be used for the anchor(s)?
	Anchor/Mooring Block Weight
	Anchor Line Scope (Length or Ratio) APR 10 2018
	Water Depth at Mooring Location
3.	Approximately how wide is the waterway at this project site? +/-108 ft. (measured from MLW to MLW)
4.	What will be the mean low water depth at the most channelward end of the mooring facility? $\frac{-3.0}{NAVD88}$ ft.
5.	What type of material(s) will be used for construction of the mooring facility (e.g. salt treated wood aluminum, fiberglass floats, etc.) Use of creosote-treated wood is prohibited. salt treated pilings & timber, galvanized hardware
6.	Circle any of the following items that are proposed over subaqueous lands: Fish Cleaning Stations/Benches/Ladders/Water Lines/ Satellite/Electric Lines/ Handrails/Other (Describe)

If any of the items are circled above, include their dimensions and location on the application drawings.

kayak launch / ladder

7.	What will be the distance from the most channelward end of the docking facility to the edge of any natural or man-made channel? 26 ft.
8.	Describe the vessels that will be berthed at the docking facility. Please draw proposed vessel locations on plans and drawings.
	Make/model_varieslengthwidthdraftMake/modellengthwidthdraftMake/modellengthwidthdraftMake/modellengthwidthdraft
9.	Please provide a copy of the current state registration or Coast Guard Certificate of Documentation for each motorized vessel listed above. N/A
10.	Give the number and type of each Marine Sanitation Device (e.g. MSD III, Portable toilet) that will be used on vessels to be docked at the facility. Unknown. Marine pump out provided
11.	Is there currently a residence on the property? Yes X No
12.	Do you plan to reach the boat docking facility from your own upland property? X Yes No If "No", explain your proposed means of access and provide documentation of easement or documentation authorizing access if you intend to cross someone else's property. license to be issued by U.S. Army Corp of Engineers Real Estate Division
13.	Will any portion of the structure be located in privately owned underwater land (such as a pond or lagoon) owned by someone other than the applicant? _X_YesNo. If yes, written permission of the underwater land owner must be provided with this application. license to be issued by U.S. Army Corp of Engineers Real Estate Division
	What is the width of the waterfront property frontage adjacent to subaqueous lands?ft. Will any portion of the structure or any vessel be placed within 10 feet of your neighbor's property line? YesXNo If yes, a letter of no objection from the adjacent property owner must be included with this application.

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1.

BULKHEADS

Please make sure answers to all of the questions in this appendix correspond to information the application drawings.

Will the project be considered new construction or repair and replacement of an existing and currently

	serviceable bulkhead?
	New Construction
	Repair and Replacement
	If repair and replacement, attach photos of entire length of project.
1.	What is the current condition of the shoreline at the site of the proposed bulkhead? A bulkhead / retaining wall to be installed in uplands or on the channelward face of a former timber crib structure filled with rock (oyster house landing dock).
2.	Please attach an analysis of all alternatives to bulkheading as a shoreline stabilization method for this project. Please examine options using vegetation and/or non-vertical walled structures. Include a justification of need, based on the extent of erosion and the rate of erosion. This application will not be reviewed if this answer is not completed. The proposed work will enclose the existing crib structure associated with landing. The area will be used as a landing and access for community dock structure.
3.	If is this is a repair or replacement,
	Do you intend to step out in front of existing bulkhead?YesYes
	Is the current bulkhead creosote?YesYesYes
	Will the new bulkhead be placed on or off the applicant's property? OnOff Please indicate property lines on attached plans as well as MHW/MLW. ACOE Real Estate License
4.	How many linear feet of shoreline are to be bulkheaded?28ft.
5.	What will be the overall length of the bulkhead (including return walls)? 76 ft.
6.	How many ends of the bulkhead will be tied into existing bulkheads which are in good repair?
	None One Two
7.	Will the return walls be protected from out flanking with rip-rap? APR 1 0 2018
	Yes No If your answer is "Yes", complete Appendix I.
8.	Will the toe of your bulkhead be protected from undercutting with rip-rap?
	Yes No If your answer is "Yes" complete Appendix I.
9.	What type of material(s) will be used for construction of the bulkhead (e.g. reinforced concrete, steel
	sheet pilings, treated tongue-and-groove timber, etc.)?
	Vinyl sheet piling supported with salt treated pilings & whalers

	dmen be utilized $$ Yes $_{}$ No If your answer is "Yes", indicate the type and location on wings/ If your answer is "No", explain the method to be used to anchor the bulkhead.
11. Will wood	den materials be: Salt Treated Other
12. Will all m	etal fittings, cables, or tie rods be galvanized? Yes No
13. Will the b	oulkhead be backfilled? Yes <pre> No If your answer is "Yes", complete Appendix H.</pre>
	cloth be used? $\sqrt{}$ Yes $\underline{}$ No If your answer is "No", explain the method to be used to epage of backfill from behind the bulkhead.
adequate consulted Na	consulted an engineer or other professional to assure that the design of your bulkhead will be ? Yes No If your answer is "Yes", give the name and address of the party . Ime: Solutions IPEM 303 North Bedford Street Georgetown, DE
Da	te:

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FILL

Please make sure answers to all of the questions in this appendix correspond to information on the application drawings.

1.	How r	nany linear feet will the f	ill extend channelward of the:
		Tidal waters:	mean high water line? varies ft. 0' to 5'
			mean low water line? varies ft. 0' to 2'
	b.	Non-tidal waters:	ordinary high water line? ft.
2.	What	is the area of fill that will	be located:
	a.	on subaqueous land (ch	annelward of mean high water) <u>1830</u> sq. ft.
	b.	on vegetated wetlands?	sq. ft.
3.	What i	is the source of the fill?	
		✓ Hauled in from u	pland sources: What is the source company/location/parcel number?
		Obtained from dr	edged material: Complete Dredging Appendix.
		commercial quarry	
4.		s the total volume of fill? What is the total fill per	cubic yards running foot of shoreline? cubic yards
5.	What r	nethod will be used to pl	
	rip ra	o placed by excavator wor	king from uplands APR 1 0 2018
6.		he type and composition 6 quarry stone	percentage of the fill material (e.g. sand 80%, silt 5%, clay 15%, etc.)
7.		ill the fill be retained? Co	omplete appropriate appendix.
	np n	ap revenient only	
8.	What t	ype of vegetation or grou	and cover will be provided for the filled area(s) to prevent soil erosion and
	help ke	ep sediment from reachi ot applicable	
9.	Describ	e the type(s) of structure	e(s) to be erected on the filled area (if any). Complete appropriate
	append		1. 1. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. and the fined area (it arry). Complete appropriate
	None		

Rip-Rap Sills and Revetments

Please respond to each question. Questions left blank may result in the application being returned as incomplete. In addition, the answers to all of the questions in this Appendix must correspond accurately to the information on the plan and section view drawings for the project.

Repair or Replacement of an Existing Bulkhead (If repair or replacement, submit photographs of the entire	existing structure).
2. How many linear feet of shoreline are proposed to be stabilized	470
3. Is the project a: ✓ Standard rip-rap revetment	Free-standing sill
4. Describe the existing shoreline: Conditions along the shoreline vary. The southerly portion of the from the former oyster processing facilty. The center is a high vestablization. The north portion of the bank has stabilization with a This would be cleaned up and reconstructed with clean quarry series.	ertical bank with active serious erosion with no a mix of rip rap, concrete block, and brick.
5. What is the total number of cubic yards of rip-rap that will be us	sed? <u>340</u>
6. What is the number of cubic yards of rip-rap per running foot of (See page 4 for a guide to calculating total cubic yards and co	f shoreline? <u>0.7</u> ubic yards per running foot). APR 1 € 2018
7. What will be the average weight of the stone used for the: Armor stone: 30 lb. Core stone: 80 lb. [If material other than stone, such as prefab geo-grid or describe here and include photographs or a brochure. The of broken concrete, cinderblocks or other materials that are off site due to currents or wave action, and/or are not ae natural environment.] Describe: standard quarry stone used	e Department strongly discourages the use e less dense than stone, more apt to move



8.	For	Standard Revetments answer A–F, below: (for Sill projects, skip to Question #9)
		A. How many linear feet will the structure extend channelward of:
		Mean High Water: 0 to 5 Mean Low Water: 0 to 2
		Ordinary High Water: (for non-tidal waters)
*,		
		B. How many square feet of the structure will be located:
		Channelward of Mean High Water: 1800 Channelward of Mean Low Water: 30
		Channelward of Ordinary High Water: (for non-tidal waters)
		On vegetated wetlands:
		C. Will the revetment be backfilled? Yes Vo no significant backfill proposed
		If yes, complete Appendix H and include it in your application.
		D. Will filter cloth be used behind the rip-rap structure?
		E. What is the average slope of the existing bank? $1:1$ to vertical
		F. What is the proposed slope of the rip-rap revetment? 1.5 to 1
		(See page 3 for a guide to calculating slopes).
9.		Projects:
		A. What is the base width of the proposed structure:
		B. What is the top width of the proposed structure:
	(C. How many square feet of the structure will be located:
		Channelward of Mean High Water: Channelward of Mean Low Water:
		Channelward of Ordinary High Water: (for non-tidal waters)
		On vegetated wetlands:
		D. What will be the average height of the structure:
	E	E. How much of the structure (in inches) will extend vertically above: △↑ → △↑ → △↑ → △↑ → △↑ → △↑ → △↑ → △↑
	F	Mean High Water: Ordinary High Water: (for non-tidal waters)
	•	Mean High Water: Ordinary High Water: (for non-tidal waters)
	F	F. Are breaks or notches proposed in the sill to allow for greater flushing?Yes No
	(G. Will fill material be placed behind the sill? Yes No If yes, complete appropriate appendi
	ŀ	H. Will wetland vegetation be planted behind the sill? Yes No
		If yes, complete Appendix H and include it in your application.

10. Construction Techniques	(Complete for both	n Revetment and Sill F	roiects)

A. Will any dredging be required? ____ Yes ___ No

If yes, please include appropriate dredging Appendix with your application).

B. Please describe the sequence of construction and any techniques that will be utilized to minimize adverse impacts on the aquatic environment, and to preserve existing vegetation (particularly woody vegetation) along the shoreline:

ip rap will be placed with an excavator working from uplands.							

CALCULATIONS

RUN = Base width of the structure (in feet) RISE = Vertical height of the structure (in feet)

I. How to calculate total cubic yards:

0.5 * RUN * RISE * Linear feet of shoreline stabilized/27 = Total Cubic Yards

II. How to calculate cubic yards per running foot of shoreline:

Total # Cubic Yards/ Linear feet of shoreline = Cubic yards per running foot

III. How to calculate slope: Slope = RUN/RISE

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EXAMPLE:

If we propose to stabilize 100 linear feet of shoreline with a rip-rap revetment that has a basewidth of 6 feet and a height of 3 feet:

0.5 * 6 * 3 * 100/27 = 33.33 Total Cubic Yards

- II. 33.33/ 100= 0.333 Cubic Yards per running foot
- III. 6/3 = Slope of 2

MAINTENANCE DREDGING OR EXCAVATING

• If dredged material is to be placed in a disposal site, a separate map showing the location of the disposal site should be attached. This drawing must indicate the proposed retention levees, weirs, spillways, and/or devices for retaining the materials.

On site area shown on plans

 Bottom samples to determine heavy metals or other toxic materials must be taken and analyzed if deemed necessary by the DNREC staff. The responsibility, as well as the expense incurred for obtaining and analyzing these samples, must be borne by the applicant.

No current or past industrial uses

• If maintenance dredging is to be done, evidence of previous dredging <u>must</u> be provided. Any previously issued permit with drawings which indicates the date the dredging occurred, the area involved and dredging depth constitutes acceptable proof.

Canal was created by Corps dredging

- Please make sure answers to all of the questions in this appendix correspond to information on the application drawings.
- 1. How many cubic yards of material will be MAINTENANCE DREDGED or excavated channelward of the:

			mean high water line? mean low water line? ordinary high water lin	300 cu	•		
lf -	there is		al volume of proposed of sociated with this projuew dredging.				
2.	only) o	r ordinary water le	ons of the dredged or exevel (for non-tidal areas h <u>+/-12</u> base width <u>+/-1</u>	only)?			r (for tidal areas
3.			g depths in area of prop osed and existing depths			ft. (mlw	/ohw)
1.	Indicate	e both proposed d	edging depth in relation epths and surrounding on heet existing -3.50 foot de	depths on atta			_ft.(mlw/ohw)

5. By what method(s) (hydraulic, clamshell or other) will the dredging be done? If other, explain:

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Last Revised on April 18, 2013

mechanical excavation

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6. What is proximity of the dredging project to the nearest creek bank or banks? __+/- 5 _____ ft. What are existing land uses along this bank(s)?

A bonded oyster processing facility

Describe the existing shoreline along this bank (vegetation, rip-rap, bulkhead, etc.).

Conditions vary from existing rip rap revetements to concrete bulkhead wall, timber crib structure at existing landing dock to eroding high upland banks

- 7. Describe characteristics of the material to be disposed including:
 - a. Physical nature of material (i.e. sand, silt, clay, etc.). Give percentages of various fractions if available. 70% sand & cobble, 25% silt, 5% clay
 - b. Chemical composition of material Many areas have sediments with high concentration of pollutants (chemicals, organics etc.) which may be re-suspended or reintroduced into the water.
 For heavily industrialized sites, a chemical analysis of this material should be provided (if applicable). inorganic
 - c. What are the dewatering properties of material to be disposal of? good
- 8. How will the dredged or excavated material be transported to its disposal area? offloaded from barge
- 9. Land Disposal Areas.
 - a. Describe dimensions, characteristics and exact locations of the proposed dredged material disposal site (provide photographs, directions to, and complete plans of disposal site). rectangular low lying area 15,480 square feet on southerly portion of site.
 - b. Describe method of dredged material containment (embarkment, behind bulkhead, etc.)
 - c. What type of leachates will be produced by the spoil material and what is planned for the protection of groundwater? none
 - d. Disposal site coordinates 38.705348 latitude 75.093530 longitude
 - e. What methods will be used to ensure that spoil water does not adversely affect water quality both during construction and after completion of the project? spoils with silt fence area. any dewatering will be through sediment filter bag.
 - f. Describe present land use of the disposal site. open field



10. Water Disposal Areas/ Beneficial Use Projects

Describe methods to be used for water disposal including volumes and site selection, and containment (if applicable). Include Fill or Wetland Appendix if applicable.

Not applicable

11. Describe the existing water characteristics at the site, including chemical analysis for water quality.

Tidal water of Lewes Rehoboth Canal

12. Identify the dredging and disposal schedule to ensure that operations do not degrade water quality during times of anadromous fish migration.

Dredging only September 15 through December 31 of any calander year

13. Has an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan been approved by the designated plan approval agency for the project? An Erosion and Sediment Control Plan is required for any project disturbing more than 5,000 square feet of uplands. Final approved plans must be received by this office prior to permit issuance.

Yes X No Not required to be provided

Important time of year restriction information:

Please be advised that all dredging in the Inland Bays must be undertaken between September 1 and December 31 in order to protect summer and winter flounder and other aquatic species. Dredging in other Delaware waters may also be subject to certain time of year restrictions in order to protect fish and wildlife. Contact DNREC for more specific information regarding the restrictions that may apply within your project area.

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PRELIMINARY MARINA SCREENING CHECKLIST

(To be submitted at least one week prior to the pre-application meeting)

*	Provide the following information and/or answer the following with regard to the proposed marina project:
1.	Applicant's (Property Owners) Name Address: OHV DE, LLC. 34 East Germantown Pike #203 Norristown, PA 19104 Telephone Number Home ():
Pr	oject Name: Oyster House Village Community Dock
2.	Provide an aerial photograph of the site, if available.
3.	What are the existing land uses on the site? Residential use surrounds, site is a former oyster processing facility
4.	What are the existing land uses on adjacent properties within 1000 feet of the proposed marina or marina alteration, including the opposite shore? residential & municipal wasterwater facility
5.	Name and distance of nearest municipality. Rehoboth Beach
6.	Is the proposed project an open water or enclosed basin marina? Open water Enclosed basin
7.	Is the marina on a creek, river, or open bay? Name of the water body? Lewes Rehoboth Canal
8.	Indicate the number of wet slips. Proposed 20 Existing
9.	Indicate the number of dry stack spaces. Proposed $\frac{0}{1}$ Existing $\frac{0}{1}$
10.	. Will the proposed marina or marina alteration require dredging? Yes No APR 10 2018
	If yes, approximate the amount in cubic yards. 300 cubic yards
11.	If the project requires dredging, do you own or have access to an upland site for dredged material disposal?Yes No If yes, where is it located?on-site
12.	If not, how do you propose to dispose of your dredged material? mechanical dredging
13.	How many years of maintenance dredge spoil capacity does the spoil site possess? O Years

- 14. Will the proposed project require the use of any State wetlands? _____Yes _______ No If yes, approximate the amount of wetlands required in acres and the intended use.
- 15. What is the tide range at the marina site? Normal tide 2.0 Neap tide 1.6 What is the source of this information?
- 16. What is the approximate MLW depth at the marina site? 2.5 Ft. What is the source of this information? Not applicable
- 17. If the site includes residential development, indicate:

Number of units platted ____30

Length of shoreline owned N/A

Acreage of upland property 4.5 AC

Indicate the number of on-site parking spaces for:

	cars	trailers	cars with trailers	oversize vehicles
Proposed	0	0	0	0
Existing	0	0	0	0

- 18. What utilities will be provided on or in the marina or dock area proper? Be specific, e.g. fuel, electricity, sewage pump-out, water, etc. water to hydrants located near dock. Electric to pier.
- 19. What additional shore-based facilities are included in the proposed marina or marina alteration? Be specific, e.g., boat or engine repairs, fuel, foods, etc. small building for portable marine pump out station and emergency spill kit
- 20. Will the marina project be available to the general public? If so, on what basis?
- 21. Are existing public facilities, services, and transportation adequate to accommodate the project and associated development impacts? _____ Yes _____ No If no, please describe the upgrades required:
- 22. Has a market study been completed for the project? _____ Yes ____ No If so, please attach the study report.
- 23. If no market study has been completed, please describe briefly the intended market, particularly the types and sizes of boats anticipated to use the facility.

Intended market is 30 families who will reside in Oyster House Village

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MARINAS

Marina applicants must complete this appendix and any other appendices that may apply to the proposed project (see "List of Appendices").

Please be sure that answers to all of the questions in this appendix correspond to information on the application drawings.

1.	Name of marina: Oyster House Village Community Dock
2,	Complete mailing address for marina: unknown
	Telephone Number: <u>unknown</u>
3.	Name and complete address for Harbormaster, if applicable: Mr. Keith Delaney OHV DE, LLC. 34 East Germantown Pike, #203 Norristown, PA 19401
4.	Check appropriate box: Vew Marina
5.	Number of Slips: Complete Appendix A for details of docking facilities.
	a. Wet Slips Dry Storage Spaces b. Existing 1 20 maximum APR 10 2018 c. Proposed or Additional 20 maximum APR 10 2018 • If this is an alteration to an existing marina, please be advised that the questions that follow pertain only to the altered portion(s) of the facility.
6.	Shellfish Resources: Is any part of the marina located within or adjacent to a classified shellfish growing area? This information can be obtained from the Division of Watershed Stewardship, Watershed Assessment Section (302-739-9939) Yes No
	Submerged Aquatic Vegetation (SAV): Are any SAV beds located within the marina basin or adjacent areas? Yes No

8. Critical Habitats: Is the marina located within or adjacent to an area classified as a critical habitat by the Department's Division of Parks and Recreation? Critical habitat areas are those that are included in the Natural Areas Inventory, or that provide habitat for species included in the State Endangered Species Act (7 Del. C., Chapter 6). To obtain the locations of these areas, contact the Division of Parks and Recreation at (302) 739-5285 Yes No
 Dredging and Dredged material Disposal: Complete Appendices R and/or S.
provided
10. Shoreline Protection Structures: Complete appropriate Appendices.
provided 11. Water Supply: Describe the existing or proposed water supply facilities for the project. Public water system. Identify: <u>City of Rehoboth</u>
Private well. If existing, include the DNREC Well Permit Number:
If there are plans to construct a new well, a permit must be obtained from the Department's Water Supply Section prior to well construction.
12. Wastewater Facilities:
 a. How many restroom facilities are planned for the marina? None If none, please explain: Patrons will use residence or Oyster House Village Clubhouse b. How will the wastewater from the facility be handled? Public sewer, identify: Sussex County On-site septic system Other, describe:
c. Identify the permit numbers for any treatment, storage or disposal permits that have been obtained for the proposed wastewater facilities, including name and permit number for any waste transporters who will be transporting wastewater or septage.
not applicable
 d. If permits for the wastewater facilities have not yet been obtained, have permit applications been submitted? Yes No If Yes, show the date and to whom the application was mailed. If no, describe all proposed plans for wastewater handling. Attach additional sheets as necessary. Not applicable
13. Parking: APR 10 2018
How many parking spaces will be provided? None Does the proposed parking plan conform to: Patrons will be parked at Oyster House Village Local planning codes or requirements; (Contact the County Planning Department and/or local municipal government offices for this information). YesNo The 0.5 spaces/slip rebuttable presumption from the Marina Regulations YesNo If no, please explain: Patrons will be parked at Oyster House Village
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

14. Stormwater Management: Describe in detail the plans to detain the first one-half inch of stormwater runoff from the disturbed portion of the site and release it over a 24 hour period. Attach additional sheets and drawings as necessary.

No paving is proposed as part of community pier. Oyster House Village will be built in accordance with Soil Erosion and Stormwater plans approved by Sussex Conservation District

15. Solid Waste Management:

How many trash receptacles/ recycling bins will be provided at the marina? None If trash receptacles will not be provided, what measures will be taken to ensure that solid wastes are properly disposed of? Patrons will be living in the adjacent community where waste disposal will be provided.

16. Boat Maintenance Areas and Activities:

- a. Describe in detail how boat maintenance by-products, debris, residues, spills and run-off from maintenance areas will be controlled in accordance with the Marina Regulations. Attach separate sheets if necessary. No maintenance will be permitted. Docking only
- b. Will special containers for waste oils and other maintenance wastes be provided? _____ Yes ____ No Explain: No maintenance will be permitted. Residents will use their own trash pick up.
- c. Describe in detail how materials used in maintenance and repair operations will be handled and stored. Materials of concern include, but are not limited to, paints, solvents, oils, greases, preservatives, pesticides, epoxies and corrosive cleaners. Indicate whether local fire codes or national Fire Protection Association (NFPA) standards have been used in developing the proposed handling and storage. Attach separate sheets if necessary.

No repairs or maintenance will be conducted at the community dock. Dock will have hydrants adjacent to dock at two locations for fire protection.

17. Fuel Storage and Delivery Facilities/Spill Contingency Plan:

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a. Describe in detail all procedures for storage, handling and dispensing of fuel Indicate whether local five codes or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) standards have been used in developing proposed procedures. A permit from the Department's Underground Storage Tank Branch may also be required. Attach separate sheets as necessary.

no fuel service

b. Describe in detail procedures that will be used to contain and clean any fuel spills that occur as a result of marina operations. Notification procedures should also be described. Attach separate sheets if necessary.

A spill kit will be kept at the community dock (See O&M Plan)



 18. Fire Protection Systems: Describe the fire protection systems that are proposed for the facility. Indicate whether local fire codes or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) standards have been used in choosing and designing the systems. Attach additional sheets as necessary. Hydrants will be located adjacent to dock at two locations. 19. Life Safety Equipment:
 a. For alterations to existing marinas: Does the alteration involve the addition of new water-based structures? Yes No If yes, complete 20 B. If no, skip to question 21. b. How many floatation devices will be provided around the marina and how far apart will they be located? Two, one at each access pier to dock
20. Fish Waste:
Will fish cleaning stations be provided? Yes No If yes, how many? (Be sure to show their location on the engineering plans). Will the marina provide a live bait concession? Yes No
21. Piers and Docks: Complete Appendix A.
22. Drawing Requirements: At a minimum, all marina applicants must submit at least the following drawings:
a. Elevation or Section Viewb. Vicinity Mapc. Plan View
 General Information for All Drawings: For all major structures, the structural dimensions and distance from the nearest property line, survey marker or permanent landmark should be shown.
• Wherever possible, identify the materials used in construction. If dredging or filling is involved, show the volume and type of materials to be moved, and the grade to be used.
a. Elevation or Section View
The elevation or section view includes the following, as applicable: (check those which apply). Pre-checked

Boat Ramps
Channol or h

items must be included.

Mean high and low water lines;

Intake and outfall structures

Channel or basin modifications (proposed dredging areas)

Construction details for all water-based structures (e.g. piers docks, pilings);

Construction details for all bulkheads, rip-rap and other shoreline protection structures;

____ Other

b. Vicinity Map

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c. Plan View

The plan view should be prepared on 8 1/2" x 11" paper, and in a standard blue print size and format, and contain the locations of the following features, as applicable (Check all those which apply to the project and include these items on the plan view drawing):

Provided - See project plans

	_ Property boundaries
\checkmark	_ Shoreline
\checkmark	_ Mean high and low water lines
\checkmark	_ Direction of river flow/ebb and flow of tide
$\overline{}$	_ Proposed channel
\angle	_ Navigation Aids
$\overline{}$	_ Piers, docks, pilings, bulkheads, moorings, anchorages, jetties, groins, breakwaters and other water-
based	d structures
\checkmark	_ Slips (Wet)
	_ Slips (Dry)
	_ Boat ramp(s)
	_ Buildings, other structures (identify each)
	_ Boat storage areas/facilities
	_ Boat maintenance area(s)
	_ Extent of roof coverage (e.g. over maintenance areas, boat storage areas, etc.)
	_ Roadways (identify surface, e.g. asphalt, gravel dirt, etc.)
	_ Parking areas (identify surface, e.g. asphalt, gravel, dirt, grass, etc.)
	_ Maintenance materials storage areas(s)
	_ Public telephone(s)
	_ Public restroom(s)
	_ Fish cleaning station(s)
	_ Life safety equipment station(s)
	_ Fuel dispensing pump(s) underground storage tank
	_ Septic tank
	_ Sewer connection/wastewater collection system
	_ Water supply well
\checkmark	Portable fire extinguisher(s), fire hydrant(s)
	_Spill containment equipment storage areas(s)
	_Trash receptacle(s) waste oil - other waste receptacles
	Stormwater management facilities
_	Compensation area for wetlands
	Other



SITING AND DESIGN STUDY FOR OYSTER HOUSE VILLAGE COMMUNITY DOCK

Tax Map No.: 334-19.00, Parcel: 173.00

Lewes - Rehoboth Canal, Sussex County, Delaware

August 17, 2018

Prepared for:

OHV DE. LLC. 34 East Germantown Pike, #203 Norristown, PA 19401

Prepared By: ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES, INC.

38173 DuPont Blvd. P.O. Box 169 Selbyville, DE 19975 Phone: 302-436-9637





ERI Project No.: 0807#0696

SITING AND DESIGN STUDY FOR OYSTER HOUSE VILLAGE COMMUNITY DOCK

SUSSEX COUNTY, DELAWARE

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Exhibit 2:	Permit Drawings, "Proposed Oyster House Village Community Dock, prepared by Solutions Integrated Planning, Engineering, and Management, LLC, Sheets 1 through 8, dated: 2/14/2018
Exhibit 3:	USFWS – Threatened & Endangered Species List & WE AUG 22 2018
Figure 1:	USGS Topographic Map
Figure 2:	Vicinity Map
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Figure 4:	11"x17" Existing Conditions Map

PROJECT DESCRIPTION & LOCATION

The project site is Tax Map Parcel 334-19.00-173.00 located in the Lewes-Rehoboth Hundred, Sussex County, Delaware. The project involves redevelopment of 550 feet of shoreline on the western bank of the Lewes-Rehoboth Canal beginning 700 feet south of the Delaware State Route One highway bridge crossing the Canal. The project site is owned by the United States of America and managed by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) Real Estate Division. As is common practice along the Canal, the Real Estate Division grants a license for adjoining owners to obtain recreational water access.

The applicant OHV DE, LLC. is currently the equitable owner and developer of Oyster House Village located on the abutting property, Tax Map Parcel 334-19.00-173.00. A residential community for 30 single family homes is approved by Sussex County at that location.

The proposed community dock and associated improvements as described below will provide Oyster House Village residents with recreational water access, including the ability to seasonally moor up to 20 vessels. Other benefits of the redevelopment project include remediation of severe shoreline bank erosion which is ongoing at the site, removal of deteriorated dock structures and piles which remain on the site from its past use as an oyster processing facility and providing for an improved and expanded storage compound for the Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control (DNREC) Waterway Management Section dredging operations.

The applicant will allow DNREC to seasonally use the northern portion of the community dock for the dredging operation which typically occurs through the fall and winter season. The elements of the proposed project are illustrated on plans entitled Proposed Community Dock at Oyster House Village, prepared by Solutions IPEM, LLC. Georgetown, Delaware.

AUG 22 2018

The elements of the proposed project are described as follows:

Community Dock: A 520-foot-long, 6-foot-wide community dock constructed parallel to the existing shoreline is proposed. The proposed dock and mooring area are located landward of the federal navigation channel and its 10-foot-wide buffer. A maximum number of 20 boats will be seasonally moored along the proposed dock. The dock will be of typical marine construction using salt treated piles, timbers, and decking secured with galvanized hardware. Pile bent spacing will be 8 feet on center. Two six-foot-wide access piers totaling 17 feet channelward of mean high water will provide access between the dock and uplands. A kayak/canoe launch ladder will be located opposite the southern access pier. The elevation of the pier will be 3.5 feet (North American Vertical Datum) NAVD88. The local mean high water elevation is +1.2 feet NAVD88. The local mean low water elevation is -0.8 feet NAVD88.

An existing landing platform underlain by a timber crib structure backfilled with earth occurs toward the northerly end of the proposed dock. This structure will be rebuilt and encased with 76 feet of vinyl sheet pile retaining wall constructed at or landward of the mean high water line. The proposed retaining wall will be even with the channelward face of the dock, thereby providing the main access point to it. As discussed later, this land access is important to patrons as well as to DNREC dredging crews who will use it for their seasonal operations. A hydrant for fire protection will be provided at this location as well.

Since the community dock is considered a marina under DNREC Regulations, other land based facilities are required. For fire protection, an additional hydrant will be located at the easterly access pier. A small marina storage building will be located at the northerly access pier. Marina signage, emergency spill kit, and a portable marine pump out station will be housed at the building.

Currently the DNREC Waterway Management Program has a lease for a storage compound enclosed with a chain link fence near the center of the site. As part of this project the storage compound will be enlarged and relocated to the north end of the site for improved access. Screened type fencing will be used for the enclosure. Gated access to the future vinyl sheet pile retaining wall landing will be provided. The applicant and DNREC have agreed that no mooring of resident's boats will be permitted on the north end of the pier after Labor Day and until April 15th of the calendar year. During this time DNREC will use the dock for mooring dredges and other vessels and the management and assembly of dredge spoil pipe.

Shoreline Stabilization: The entire shoreline opposite and extending beyond the proposed dock, 470 linear feet total will be stabilized with a riprap revetment constructed from quarry stone. Serious bank erosion is occurring through the central portion of the property where a high unstabilized vertical bank occurs. Existing concrete and rubble debris was used in the past to secure other portions of the shoreline. This material will be removed and replaced with a properly constructed riprap revetment underlain with geotextile fabric. Various upon cross sections as illustrated by project plans will be used. In some areas, the bank will be pulled back to install the revetment.

A total of 30 square feet of waters channelward of mean low water will be filled by riprap. A total of 1800 square feet of intertidal area between mean low water and mean high water will be filled by riprap. A total of 60 cubic yards of quarry stone will be discharged below mean low water. Total volume of riprap is estimated at 340 cubic yards.

Maintenance Dredging: Minor maintenance dredging along the face of the proposed dock is required. Dredging depth will match the 3.5 foot depth NAVD88 of the canal. The navigation channel is currently approximately 6.0 feet below NAVD88. The proposed dredge depth will taper back to elevation 2.0 feet landward of the dock. Dredge material is dominated of sand sediments and cobble which was once used as backfill for crib and dock structures when the site

was occupied by an oyster processing facility. Eroded bank material is another component. The total area of dredging is 7,275 square feet. The total volume of dredging is 300 cubic yards.

Disposal of spoil material will be on site within a low lying area at the south end of the project site. As shown on the site plan and fill-riprap bank section A, this portion of the site will be filled to elevations between 3.2 to 4.0 feet with spoils, compacted when dried and covered with a topsoil cap, seeded with grass for stabilization. During operations the fill area will be secured with super silt fence to prevent erosion. Use of mechanical dredging methods is proposed. The total area of the spoil disposal location is 15,200 square feet. Dredging operations will occur along with removal of existing docks and pilings and construction of riprap embankments. This work will be completed prior to the proposed community dock construction.

ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

Construction of the Lewes-Rehoboth Canal was completed by the Corps of Engineers in 1977. The canal is part of the federally maintained intercoastal waterway system.

The Lewes-Rehoboth Canal watershed is made up of 45,000 acres in eastern Sussex County. It is a sub watershed of the Rehoboth Bay. The canal is approximately 10 miles long connecting the Delaware Bay to the Rehoboth Bay. Net tidal flow is believed to be directed toward the Rehoboth Bay. The proposed community dock will be located approximately 1.15 miles north of the canal entrance onto Rehoboth Bay. The normal tidal range at the site is 2.0 feet. Mean high water is +1.2 feet and mean low water is -0.8 feet on the NAVD 88 datum.

The project area is a largely developed and urbanized suburb of Rehoboth Beachy The subject site is surrounded by existing residential uses. The project site is the former location of a shellfish processing facility. Remains of the facility including concrete bulkheads, a crib landing structure and remains of timber bulkheads and mooring pilings are found along the entire shoreline. Since the site is highly disturbed due to filling as a result of initial construction of the canal and past uses, no historic or cultural resourced exist on the community dock site.

Existing conditions at the project site are shown on the enclosed plan entitled "Boundaries of Waters of the United States including Wetlands Subject to the Corps of Engineers Regulatory Program, Lands of the United States of America, Lewes-Rehoboth Canal" prepared by Solutions IPEM, Georgetown, DE. This plan is provided as Figure 4 of this report.

No state regulated wetlands are mapped on the project site. A narrow fringe of emergent wetlands exists along the shoreline opposite this project. A significant portion of the sites shoreline is a tall vertical unstabilized bank undergoing significant erosion. Other portions of the shoreline have been stabilized with a mixture of riprap, brick, concrete rubble and other debris as part of past uses of the site.

The Lewes-Rehoboth Canal is 5.0 to 6.0 feet deep (NAVD88) within the maintained 55-foot-wide federal navigation channel. A 10-foot-wide buffer area exists on both sides of the federal channel. No portion of the proposed community dock or boat mooring area will encroach into the 10-foot-wide federal channel or buffer. From that point the sides of the channel shallow up to mean low water elevation along the toe of the shoreline. At mean low water the canal is approximately 108 feet wide. Adequate water depths for a community dock are present. Only minor maintenance along the dock edge of material recently eroded from shoreline banks is needed to develop the dock. Sediments are relatively sandy.

Onsite soils as mapped by the USDA Soil Survey for Sussex County consist of the Brockatonorton Urban land complex. This well drained series has generally sandy textures consistent with prior urban uses and past filling activities.

No submerged aquatic vegetation is present in the vicinity of the project. Shell fishing is prohibited within the Lewes-Rehoboth Canal and shellfish resources are not known to be prevalent in the project area. In accordance with the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service records no threatened or endangered species or their critical habitats are present.

WATER QUALITY CONDITIONS

A summary of historic water quality data representative of conditions for the Lewes-Rehoboth Bay was obtained from the Delaware Environmental Monitoring and Analysis Center (DEMAC) Water Quality Portal is provided in Exhibit 1 of this study. The mooring station (Station) W E 305011) is located at the State Route 1 Bridge crossing the canal. This location is only 700 feet north of the project site.

Dissolved oxygen (DO) concentrations in Delaware's shallow inland have dissolved oxygen levels that naturally cycle over 24 hours. During the day, plants and algae release oxygen into the water through photosynthesis. At night, plants, algae, and animals continue to respire and draw oxygen out of the water. Nutrient pollution can make these cycles extreme by fueling algal blooms. When the excessive algae respire at night, they can cause oxygen to drop below healthy levels. A healthy standard for DO levels in the inland bays is generally considered to be a DO of 4.0 mg/l.

Data collected in the canal between 2000 and 2016 showed a low average DO concentration of 4.41 mg/l in July and a peak concentration of 10.67 mg/l in January. Therefore, DO concentrations at the project site exceed the standards for healthy DO concentrations in the inland bays.

Due to the greater tidal amplitude and currents within the setting of the canal dissolved oxygen can be expected to be greater than that of the inland bays due to better flushing. Elimination of the Rehoboth Beach sanitary sewer outfall into the canal can also be expected to improve future water quality. Other parameters such as Water Temperature, pH, Total Nitrogen, Total Phosphorous, Enterococcus, Salinity, Total Supersede Solids, Chlorophyll A are also reported at this station.

SITING AND DESIGN STUDY CONCLUSIONS

The design of The Oyster House Village Community Dock facility meets all regulatory requirements and design standards of DNREC's Marina and Subaqueous Lands Regulations. It is a minor marina facility. The capacity of the community dock is capped at no more than 20 small recreation crafts. The proposed location is favorable as it is redevelopment of a previously existing waterfront shellfish processing facility and developed shoreline. Project impacts are thereby minimized, and no wetland impacts will result from the project. Adequate water depths exist without the need for substantial dredging even on a long-term basis. The project does not adversely impact boat navigation or the navigable federal channel. This small community dock does not impact any nearby piers or other development; therefore, the facility has no impacts on neighboring properties.

No shellfish resources or submerged aquatic vegetation exist at the community dock location. The community dock lies within waters prohibited for shellfishing. Water quality conditions at the community dock are favorable and the dock will not result in a violation of state water quality standards. The marina will operate under an approved Operation and Maintenance Plan (O&M Plan). A marina pump out station will be provided. The residential development site is serviced by public water and sanitary sewer. Fish cleaning at the facility is prohibited by the O&M Plan. Lastly, endangered species or historic and cultural resources will not be impacted. Based on this summary of conclusions, the development of the proposed community dock is not adverse to public interest.



EXHIBIT 1

Historic Water Quality Conditions
DEMAC Water Quality Portal
Station 30511
Lewes-Rehoboth Canal @ Rt. 1



Historical Data for 305011



Station Name: Lewes & Rehoboth Canal @ Rt. 1 Period of Record: Mar 09, 2000 - Aug 23, 2017

Classification: Salt Water Basin: Inland Bays &

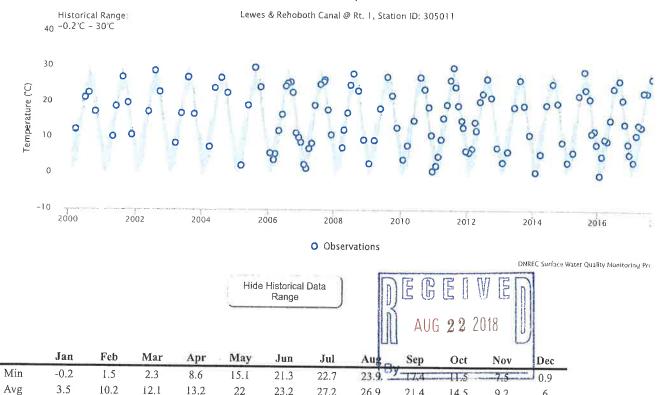
Watershed: Lewes-Rehoboth Canal & Download Historical Station Data (.csv)



Water Temperature

Temperature, like salinity, undergoes wide variations seasonally, although it is much less variable and much more predictable than any other water quality parameter displayed here. This can be seen by looking at the historical range for the long-term stations for any given month. This relative stability is due to the heat retaining properties of water, which make it much more resistant to temperature changes than our atmosphere.

Water Temperature



pH

Max

6.2

pH, in simple terms, is a chemical measure of whether or not something is an acid or a base. It is measured on a log scale of 0 to 14, with each unit representing a ten-fold change. A pH of 7.0 is considered neutral and a range of 5.5 to 8.5 is usually tolerated by most aquatic organisms. Lower pHs are sometimes seen in fresher waters due to acid

23.2

26.5

27.2

30

26.9

27.1

21.4

26.5

14.5

18.9

9.2

13.2

6

11

13.2

15.8

22

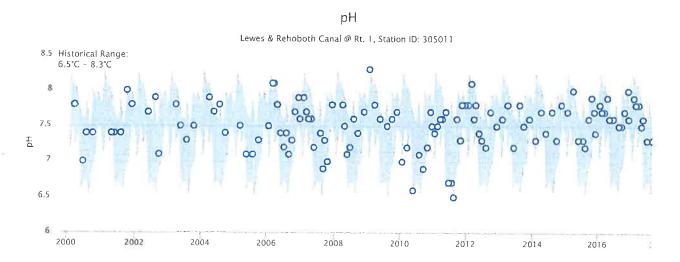
24

11.2

14.7

precipitation or even naturally-occurring organic acids, which can be found in areas with extensive marshes. High pHs can occur during algae blooms due to chemical reactions associated with photosynthesis.

Moderate to higher salinities usually "buffer" in the 7 to 8 range, so most of the more extreme values are generally found in low salinity waters.



Observations

DNREC Surface Water Quality Monitoring Pro

Hide Historical Data Range

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Min	7	7.5	7.2	7.4	6.6	6.7	6.7	6.5	6.9	7	7.5	7.4
Avg	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.5	7.5	7.3	7.4	7.3	7.5	7.6	7.9	7.6
Max	8.3	8.1	8.1	7.9	7.7	7.6	7.9	7.5	8	7.9	8	7.8

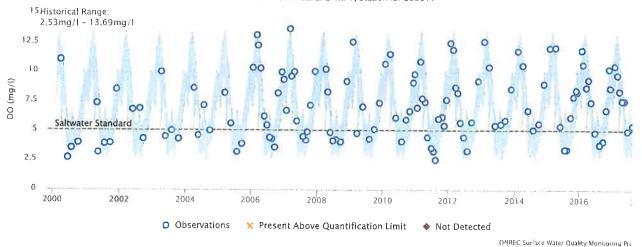
Dissolved Oxygen (DO)

The amount of oxygen dissolved in surface waters is one of the most important measures of habitat and water quality. This is because without oxygen, all of the living resources familiar to us perish. Dissolved oxygen (DO) is measured as a concentration (mg/l ~ milligrams per liter). When DO concentration drops below 5.0 or 5.5 mg/l, many sensitive organisms such as fish, become stressed, especially if exposed to these low DO conditions for a long period of time. On the other hand, bottom-dwelling organisms such as worms are usually more tolerant, and some species can survive at levels down to 1 mg/l in some cases.

The concentration of DO is affected by several factors. Temperature affects the concentration since warmer water cannot dissolve as much oxygen as colder water. In addition to temperature, the amount of algae in the water can also impact DO levels. Supersaturation (over 100% DO saturation) can occur when there is a large algal bloom. During the daylight, when the algae are photosynthesizing, they can produce oxygen so rapidly that it is not able to escape into the atmosphere, thus leading to short-term saturation levels of greater than 100%. In most cases, the DO graphs from the continuous monitoring stations show daily variations, with peaks in late afternoon and minimums at dawn. These peaks are due to the production of oxygen by algae (measured by chlorophyll) during the daytime and the consumption of oxygen at night by algae and other organisms in the water and bottom sediments. These daily swings can be quite large when there are algae blooms fueled by nutrient pollution, and they often result in fish kills when oxygen levels drop to around 1 mg/l or less.

Dissolved Oxygen (DO)

Lewes & Rehoboth Canal @ Rt. 1, Station ID: 305011

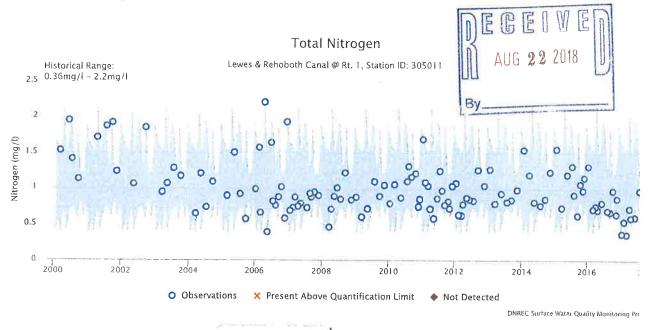


Hide Historical Data Range

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Min	6.7	5.3	4.78	5.5	3.15	2.69	3.19	2.53	3.34	4.3	5.44	7.64
Avg	10.67	10.03	8.98	7.8	6.53	4.81	4.41	4.96	4.47	6.78	9.6	8.76
Max	12.9	13.69	12.25	10.28	7.72	5.7	7.13	5.43	6.4	8.5	10.4	10.7

Total Nitrogen (N)

Nitrogen is a nutrient and is essential element for both plants and animals. However, presence of excessive amounts of nitrogen in surface waters causes undesirable conditions leading to nutrient overenrichment. Symptoms of nutrient overenrichment include excessive algal blooms, large daily swings in dissolved oxygen levels, loss of Submerged Aquatic Vegetation (SAV), and fish kills.



Hide Historical Data Range

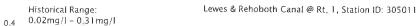
Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec

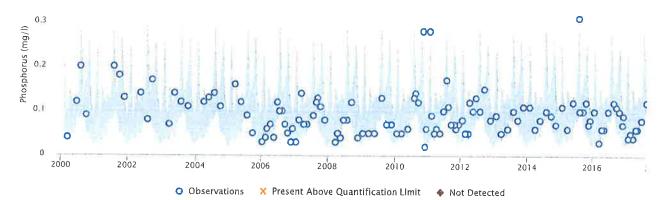
Min	0.37	0.54	0.36	0.71	0.39	0.6	0.73	0.69	0.57	0.82	0.58	0.75
Avg	0.59	0.65	0.57	0.81	0.71	0.76	1.04	0.94	0.91	0.99	0.75	0.92
Max	1.69	1.57	1.53	2.2	1.51	2.58	1.87	1.31	1.92	1.21	1.24	1.93

Total Phosphorus (P)

Phosphorus is a nutrient and is an essential element for both plants and animals. However, presence of excessive amounts of phosphorus in surface waters causes undesirable conditions leading to nutrient overenrichment. Symptoms of nutrient overenrichment include excessive algal blooms, large daily swings in dissolved oxygen levels, loss of Submerged Aquatic Vegetation (SAV), and fish kills.

Total Phosphorus





ONREC Surface Water Quality Monitoring Pro

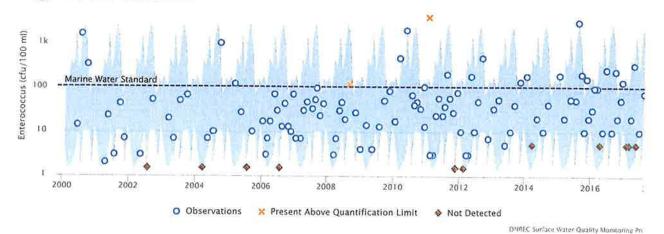
Hide Historical Data Range

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Min	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.05	0.04	0.08	0.08	0.1	0.05	0.05	0.03	0.02
Avg	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.09	0.14	0.12	0.11	-0.11	0.07	0.08
Max Entero	0.28	0.09 (Ent)	0.16	0.12	0.14	0.13	0.31	0.14	81.0	PE (AI By	G € [] JG 22	140€ 2018

Enterococcus bacteria are indicator bacteria associated with warm blooded animals. Their presence in surface waters in excessive amount increases the risk of gastrointestinal illness for people who conduct swimming and other water contact activities in marine and fresh waters.

Enterococcus

Historical Range: Lewes & Rehoboth Canal @ Rt. 1, Station ID: 305011 2 cfu/100 ml - 3080 cfu/100 ml

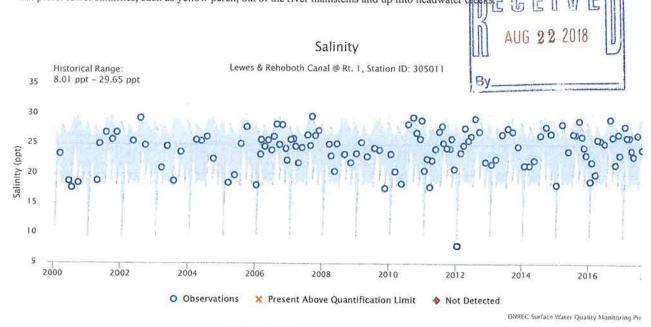


Hide Historical Data Range

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Min	4	3	3	2	3	10	3	10	10	10	7	13
Avg	23.8	6	19	131.6	27.3	12.5	30	60.3	114.9	21.7	43.1	109.6
Max	189	98	460	323	2000	256	1633	3080	1000	67	158	135

Salinity (Sal)

The concentration of salt, or salinity, is a function of the mixing of freshwater with ocean waters, which has higher salinity. In any given location, salinity can vary greatly depending upon river flow: being low during high flows and high during low flows and droughts. Most of the living resources are adapted to these swings in salinity, but extreme floods or droughts can lead to stressful conditions. Extended periods of high salinity can also force fish that prefer lower salinities, such as yellow perch, out of the river mainstems and up into headwater weeks.



Hide Historical Data Range

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Min	8.01	22.04	17.83	18.8	18.38	18.7	17.6	24.18	18.4	21.65	17.61	20.84
Avg	25.88	25.55	24.81	23.83	23.34	26.1	25.87	24.99	25.82	23.04	25.8	23.44
Max	28.08	26.2	28.4	27.73	26.65	27.13	29,33	29.26	29.65	28.24	27.29	29.01

Total Suspended Solids (TSS)

Total Suspended Solids are solid materials that are suspended in the water. Solid materials include inorganic and organic material such as silt, municipal and industrial wastes, and algae. High concentrations of suspended solids can degrade water quality by absorbing light, which causes the water to become warmer and reduces its ability to hold oxygen necessary for aquatic life. The combination of warmer water, less light and less oxygen makes it impossible for some forms of life to exist.

Suspended solids affect aquatic life in other ways. They can clog fish gills, reduce growth rates, decrease resistance to disease, and prevent egg and larval development. Particles that settle out can smother fish eggs and those of aquatic insects, as well as suffocate newly-hatched larvae. The material that settles also fills the spaces between rocks and makes these microhabitats unsuitable for various aquatic insects, such as mayfly, stonefly, and caddisfly larva.

Suspended solids can result from erosion from urban runoff and agricultural land, industrial wastes, bank erosion, bottom feeders (such as carp), algae growth or wastewater discharges. Protection of the land in our watersheds from erosion by use of conservation practices and giving urban runoff time to settle out before reaching our surface waters help with reducing suspended solids in our State's waterways.

Historical Range: Lewes & Rehoboth Canal @ Rt. 1, Station ID: 305011 5 mg/l - 272 mg/l 300 0 200 TSS (mg/I) 100 യയ 0 2000 2002 2004 2006 2008 2012 2014 2016 Observations X Present Above Quantification Limit Not Detected Hide Historical Data Range

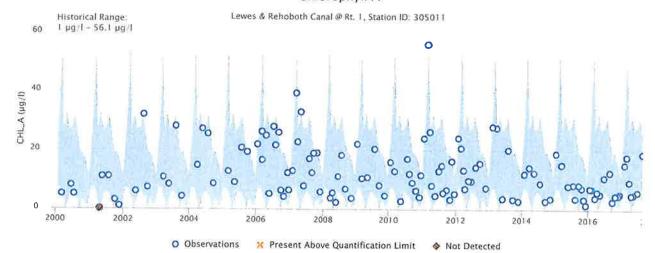
Total Suspended Solids

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	By _{Nov}	Dec	
Min	14	7	5	10	6	16	10	14	11	9	15	7	
Avg	27.9	22	21.7	14.9	18.3	20.1	40.8	33.1	28.3	19.1	24.9	24	
Max	272	45	199	38	46	28	135	49	66	72	44	31	

Chlorophyll A

Chlorophyll is a color pigment found in plants, algae and phytoplankton. This molecule is used in photosynthesis, as a photoreceptor. There are 6 different chlorophylls that have been identified. The different forms (A, B, C, D, E and F) each reflect slightly different ranges of green wavelengths. Chlorophyll A is the primary molecule responsible for photosynthesis. Chlorophyll is measured in micrograms per liter (μ g/l).

Chlorophyll A



DNREC Surface Water Quality Monitoring Pre

Hide Historical Data Range

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Min	6.97	6.89	3.7	4.75	2.23	5.88	5	3.63	2.65	3.23	-1	1.48
Avg	16.23	21.45	11.62	7.09	6.39	7.64	17.34	17.18	6.45	5.44	5.23	5.33
Max	27.9	56.1	27.5	32.9	27.1	27.9	32	25.9	19.3	19	16.2	11.5



This site was developed by the Delaware Environmental Observing Sytem and the Delaware Environmental Monitoring & Analysis Center in coordinate/on with the DNREC Watershed Assessment Section. All data for this site were obtained from the National Water Quality Monitoring Council's National Water Quality Portal (www.waterqualitydafa.is)

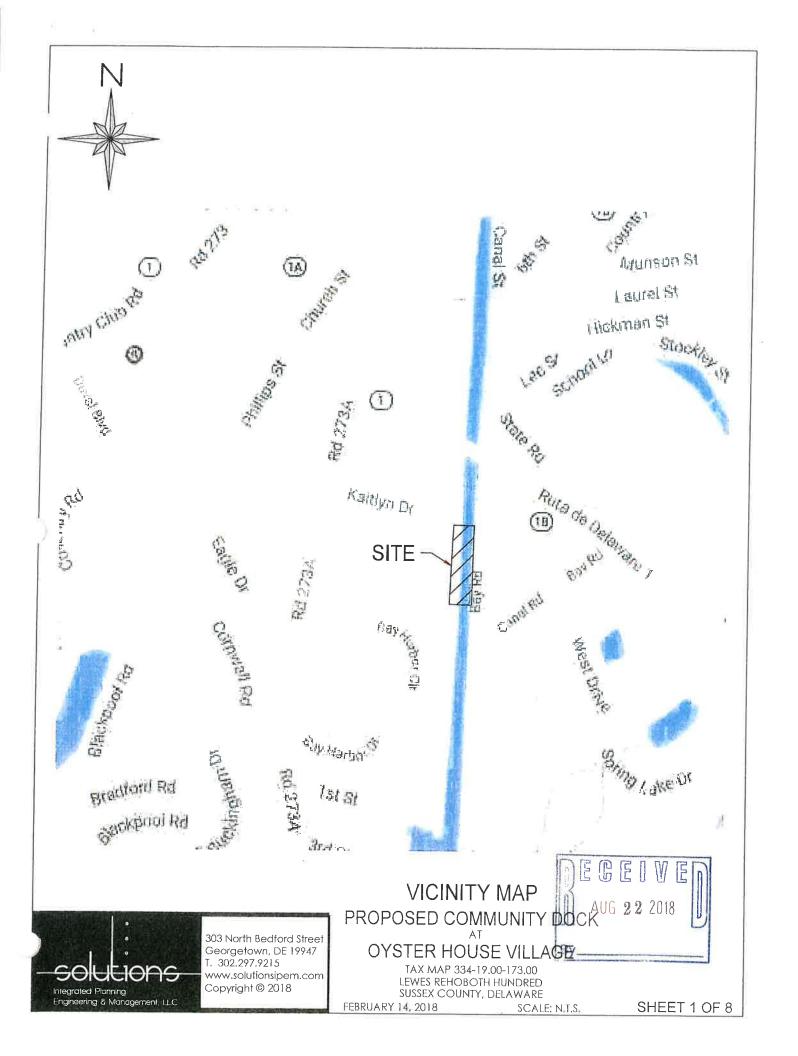


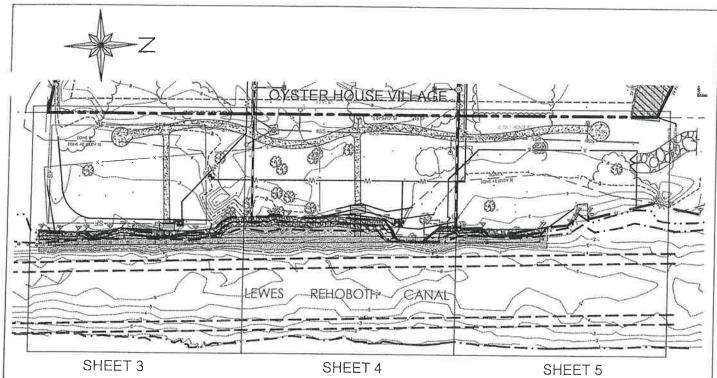


EXHIBIT 2

Permit Drawings
"Proposed Oyster House Village Community Dock"
Prepared by Solutions IPEM. LLC.







IMPACT TABLE

KEY MAP

PROPOSED STRUCTURES

PROPOSED 6' WIDE DOCK

PROPOSED ACCESS PIERS OVER WATER

MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VESSELS

 $= 17 L.F.\pm$ = 20

 $= 540 L.F.\pm$

PROPOSED RIPRAP FILL AREAS IN WATERS OF THE U.S.

ABOVE MEAN HIGH WATER

MEAN HIGH WATER TO MEAN LOW WATER

CHANNEL WARD OF MEAN LOW WATER

= 2,230 S.F.±

 $= 1,800 S.F.\pm$

 $= 30 \text{ S.F.} \pm$

LEGEND

DREDGE QUANTITIES

AREA OF PROPOSED DREDGING = 7,275 S.F.± VOLUME OF PROPOSED DREDGING = 300 C.Y.±

	existing
PROPERTY LINE	
BOUNDARY OF WATERS OF THE U.S.	
MEAN HIGH WATER	 • •
MEAN LOW WATER	
FEDERAL CHANNEL	
Saltmarsh grass	••••••
SPOT ELEVATION	× 2.72
TREE	200 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C

KEY MAP & IMPACT TABLE PROPOSED COMMUNITY DOCK

OYSTER HOUSE VILLAGE

TAX MAP 334-19.00-173.00 LEWES REHOBOTH HUNDRED SUSSEX COUNTY, DELAWARE

FEBRUARY 14, 2018

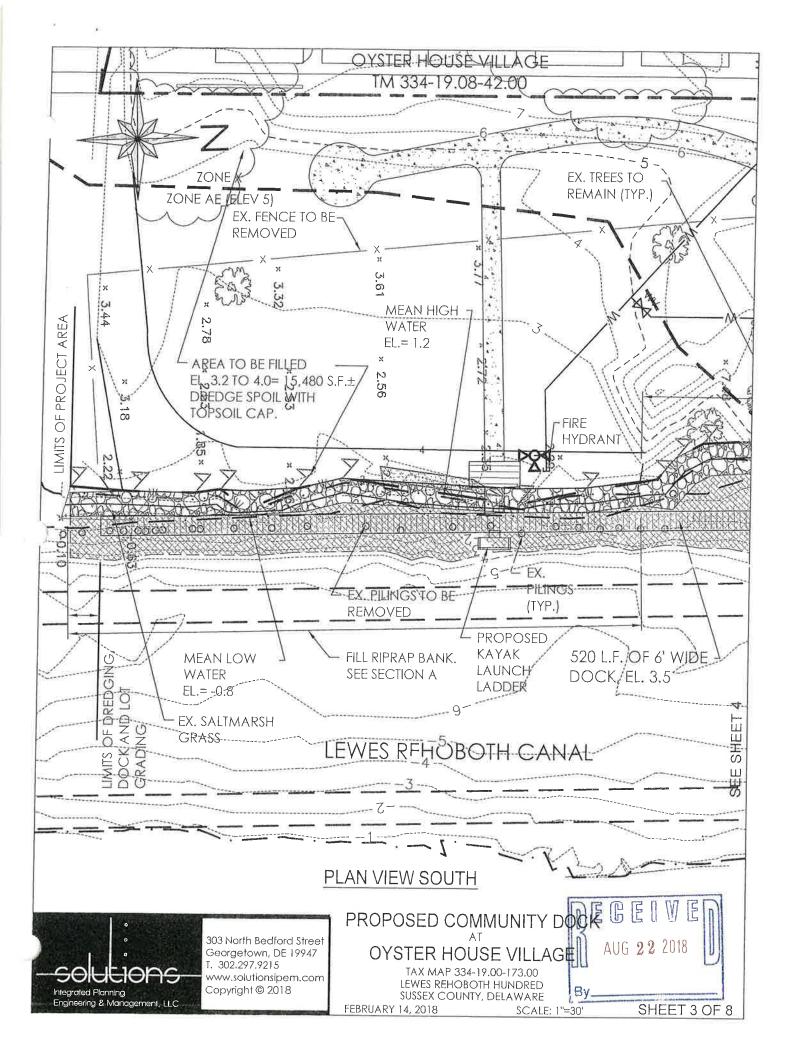
SILT FENCE

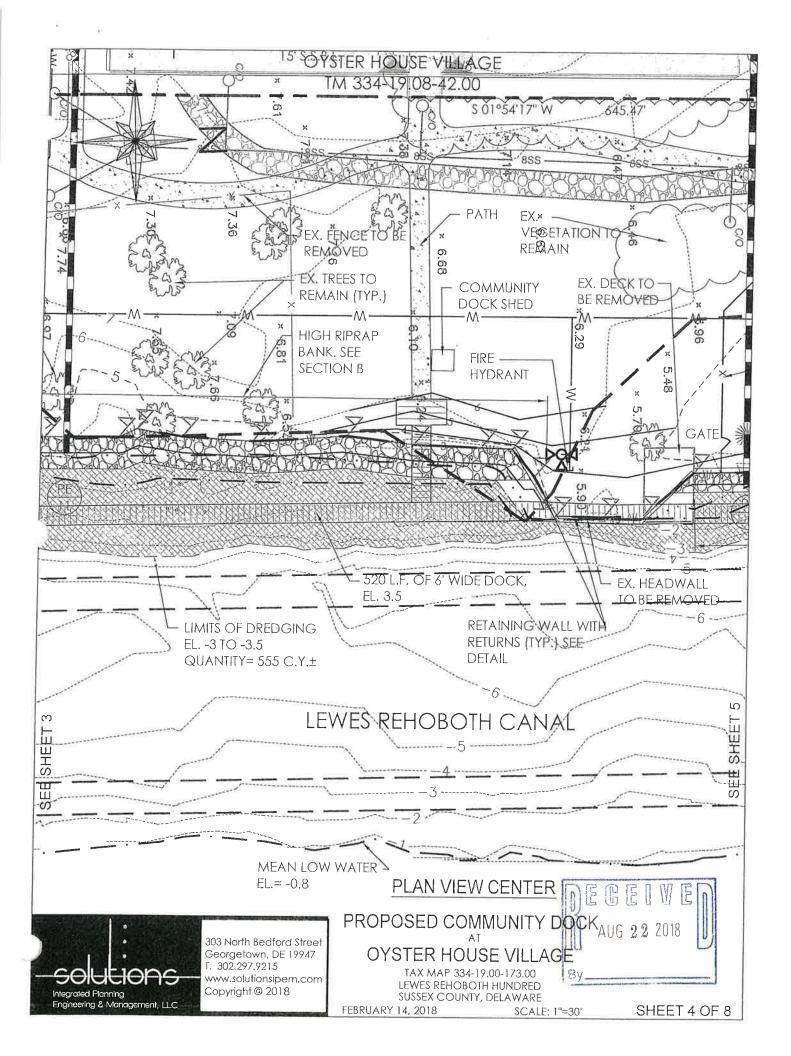
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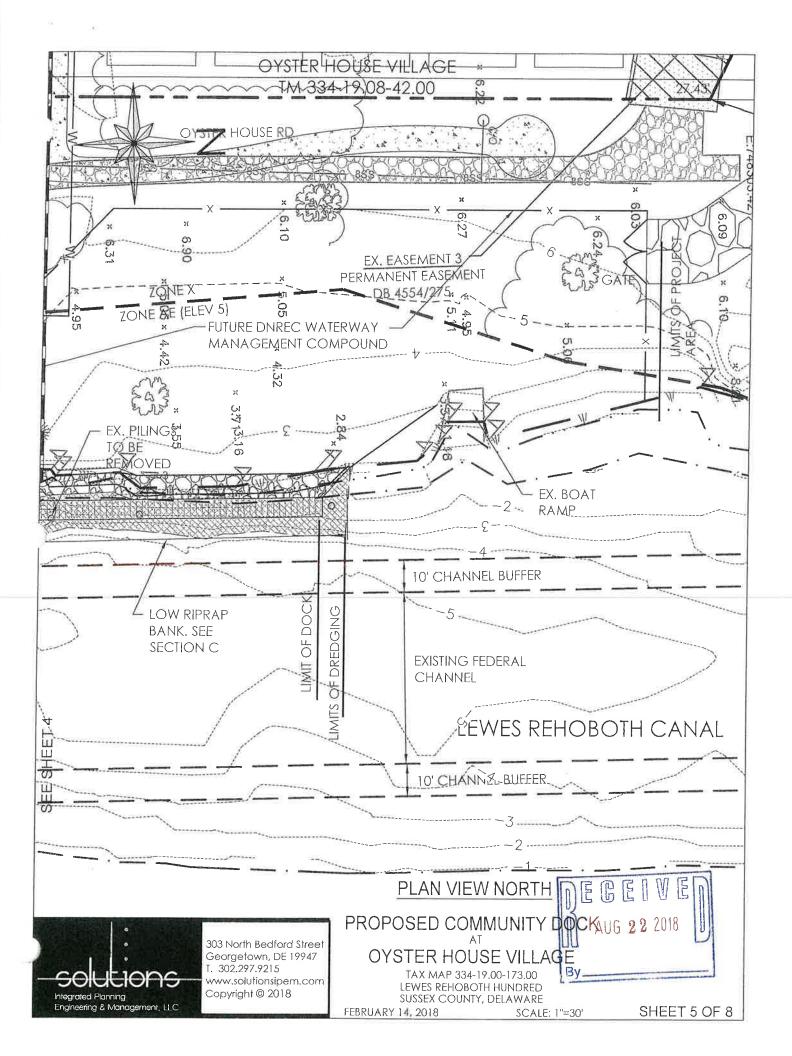
SHEET 2 OF 8

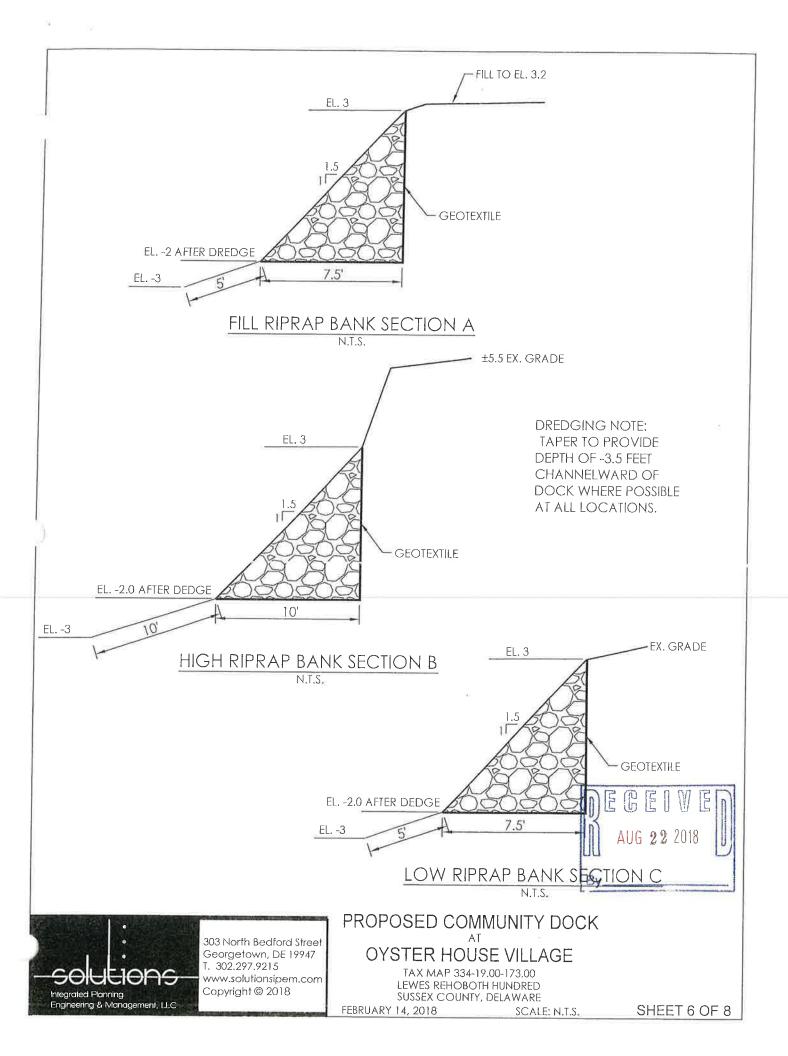


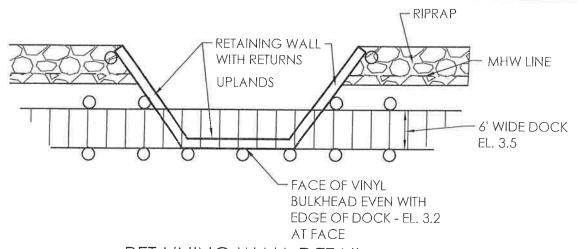
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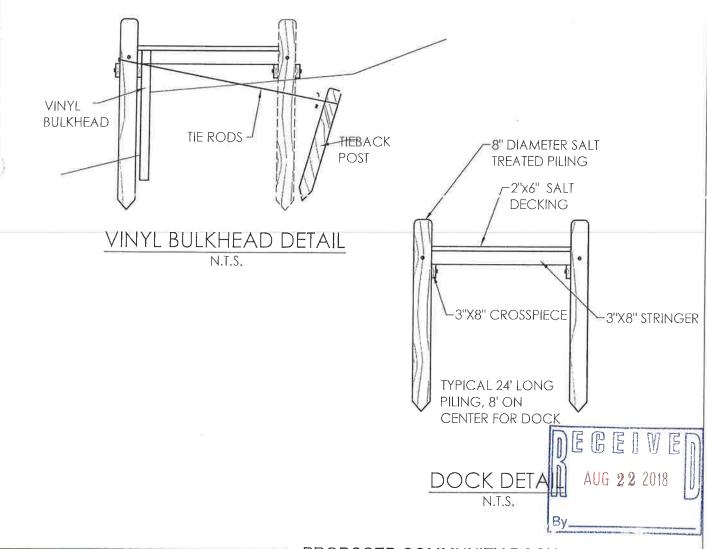








RETAINING WALL DETAIL N.T.S.





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PROPOSED COMMUNITY DOCK

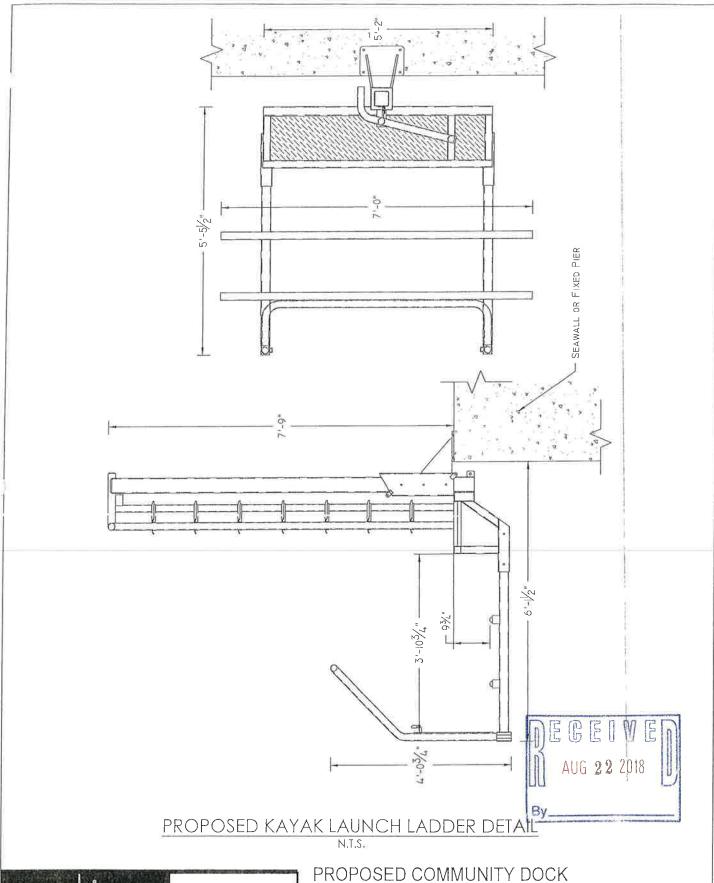
OYSTER HOUSE VILLAGE

TAX MAP 334-19.00-173.00 LEWES REHOBOTH HUNDRED SUSSEX COUNTY, DELAWARE

FEBRUARY 14, 2018

SCALE: N.T.S.

SHEET 7 OF 8



Engineering & Management, LLC

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OYSTER HOUSE VILLAGE

TAX MAP 334-19.00-173.00

LEWES REHOBOTH HUNDRED SUSSEX COUNTY, DELAWARE FEBRUARY 14, 2018 SCALE: N.T.S.

SHEET 8 OF 8

EXHIBIT 3

USFWS
Threatened & Endangered Species List





United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

Chesapeake Bay Ecological Services Field Office 177 Admiral Cochrane Drive Annapolis, MD 21401-7307 Phone: (410) 573-4599 Fax: (410) 266-9127

http://www.fws.gov/chesapeakebay/

http://www.fws.gov/chesapeakebay/endsppweb/ProjectReview/Index.html



August 20, 2018

In Reply Refer To:

Consultation Code: 05E2CB00-2018-SLI-1758

Event Code: 05E2CB00-2018-E-03870 Project Name: Oyster House Village

Subject: List of threatened and endangered species that may occur in your proposed project

location, and/or may be affected by your proposed project

To Whom It May Concern:

The enclosed species list identifies threatened, endangered, proposed and candidate species, as well as proposed and final designated critical habitat, that may occur within the boundary of your proposed project and/or may be affected by your proposed project. This species list fulfills the requirements of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) under section 7(c) of Endangered Species Act (Act) of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.).

New information based on updated surveys, changes in the abundance and distribution of 22 2018 species, changed habitat conditions, or other factors could change this list. Please feel free to contact us if you need more current information or assistance regarding the potential impacts to federally proposed, listed, and candidate species and federally designated and proposed critical habitat. Please note that under 50 CFR 402.12(e) of the regulations implementing section 7 of the Act, the accuracy of this species list should be verified after 90 days. This verification can be completed formally or informally as desired. The Service recommends that verification be completed by visiting the ECOS-IPaC website at regular intervals during project planning and implementation for updates to species lists and information. An updated list may be requested through the ECOS-IPaC system by completing the same process used to receive the enclosed list.

The purpose of the Act is to provide a means whereby threatened and endangered species and the ecosystems upon which they depend may be conserved. Under sections 7(a)(1) and 7(a)(2) of the Act and its implementing regulations (50 CFR 402 et seq.), Federal agencies are required to utilize their authorities to carry out programs for the conservation of threatened and endangered species and to determine whether projects may affect threatened and endangered species and/or designated critical habitat.

A Biological Assessment is required for construction projects (or other undertakings having similar physical impacts) that are major Federal actions significantly affecting the quality of the human environment as defined in the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4332(2) (c)). For projects other than major construction activities, the Service suggests that a biological evaluation similar to a Biological Assessment be prepared to determine whether the project may affect listed or proposed species and/or designated or proposed critical habitat. Recommended contents of a Biological Assessment are described at 50 CFR 402.12.

If a Federal agency determines, based on the Biological Assessment or biological evaluation, that listed species and/or designated critical habitat may be affected by the proposed project, the agency is required to consult with the Service pursuant to 50 CFR 402. In addition, the Service recommends that candidate species, proposed species and proposed critical habitat be addressed within the consultation. More information on the regulations and procedures for section 7 consultation, including the role of permit or license applicants, can be found in the "Endangered Species Consultation Handbook" at:

http://www.fws.gov/endangered/esa-library/pdf/TOC-GLOS.PDF

Please be aware that bald and golden eagles are protected under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 668 et seq.), and projects affecting these species may require development of an eagle conservation plan (http://www.fws.gov/windenergy/eagle_guidance.html). Additionally, wind energy projects should follow the wind energy guidelines (http://www.fws.gov/windenergy/) for minimizing impacts to migratory birds and bats.

Guidance for minimizing impacts to migratory birds for projects including communications towers (e.g., cellular, digital television, radio, and emergency broadcast) can be found at: http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Hazards/towers/towers.htm; http://www.towerkill.com; and http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Hazards/towers/comtow.html.

We appreciate your concern for threatened and endangered species. The Service encourages Federal agencies to include conservation of threatened and endangered species into their project planning to further the purposes of the Act. Please include the Consultation Tracking Number in the header of this letter with any request for consultation or correspondence about your project that you submit to our office.

Attachment(s):

- Official Species List
- USFWS National Wildlife Refuges and Fish Hatcheries
- Wetlands

1

Official Species List

This list is provided pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act, and fulfills the requirement for Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary of the Interior information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of a proposed action".

This species list is provided by:

Chesapeake Bay Ecological Services Field Office 177 Admiral Cochrane Drive Annapolis, MD 21401-7307 (410) 573-4599



Project Summary

Consultation Code: 05E2CB00-2018-SLI-1758

Event Code:

05E2CB00-2018-E-03870

Project Name:

Oyster House Village

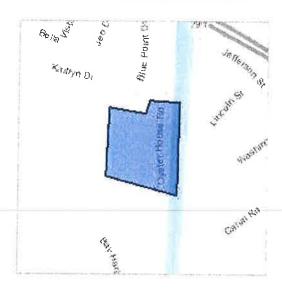
Project Type:

DEVELOPMENT

Project Description: Development of 30 home residential Community and Community Dock

Project Location:

Approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: https://www.google.com/maps/place/38.70605439083424N75.09420394021393W



Counties: Sussex, DE



Endangered Species Act Species

There is a total of 0 threatened, endangered, or candidate species on this species list.

Species on this list should be considered in an effects analysis for your project and could include species that exist in another geographic area. For example, certain fish may appear on the species list because a project could affect downstream species.

IPaC does not display listed species or critical habitats under the sole jurisdiction of NOAA Fisheries¹, as USFWS does not have the authority to speak on behalf of NOAA and the Department of Commerce.

See the "Critical habitats" section below for those critical habitats that lie wholly or partially within your project area under this office's jurisdiction. Please contact the designated FWS office if you have questions.

1. <u>NOAA Fisheries</u>, also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of Commerce.

Critical habitats

THERE ARE NO CRITICAL HABITATS WITHIN YOUR PROJECT AREA UNDER THIS OFFICE'S JURISDICTION.



USFWS National Wildlife Refuge Lands And Fish Hatcheries

Any activity proposed on lands managed by the <u>National Wildlife Refuge</u> system must undergo a 'Compatibility Determination' conducted by the Refuge. Please contact the individual Refuges to discuss any questions or concerns.

THERE ARE NO REFUGE LANDS OR FISH HATCHERIES WITHIN YOUR PROJECT AREA.



Wetlands

Impacts to <u>NWI wetlands</u> and other aquatic habitats may be subject to regulation under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, or other State/Federal statutes.

For more information please contact the Regulatory Program of the local <u>U.S. Army Corps of Engineers District</u>.

Please note that the NWI data being shown may be out of date. We are currently working to update our NWI data set. We recommend you verify these results with a site visit to determine the actual extent of wetlands on site.

ESTUARINE AND MARINE DEEPWATER

• E1UBL

FRESHWATER FORESTED/SHRUB WETLAND

PFO1/4B



USGS Topographic Map

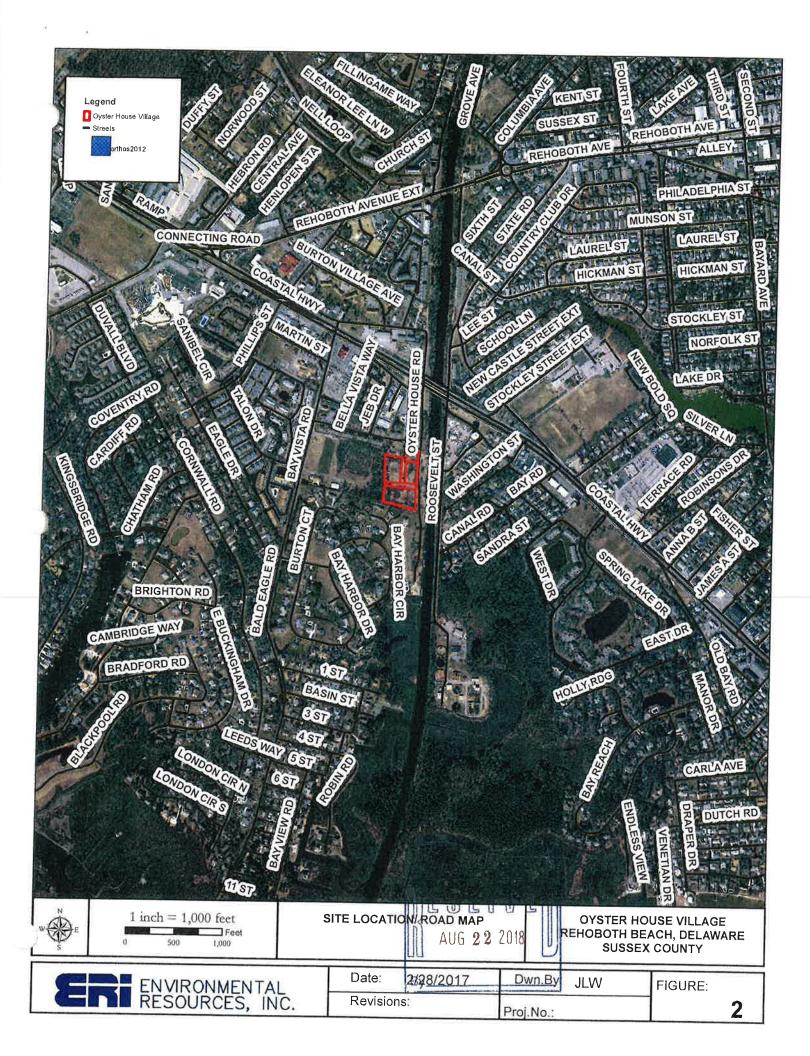




ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES, INC. Revisions: 1 Proj. No.:

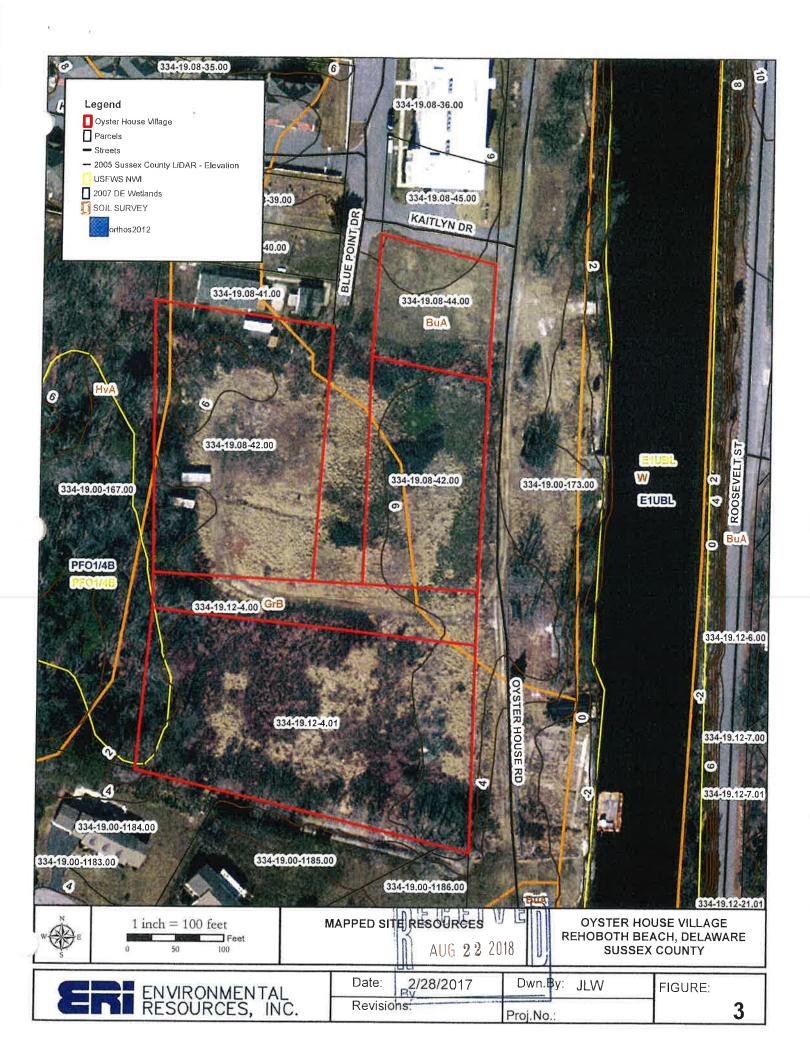
Vicinity Map





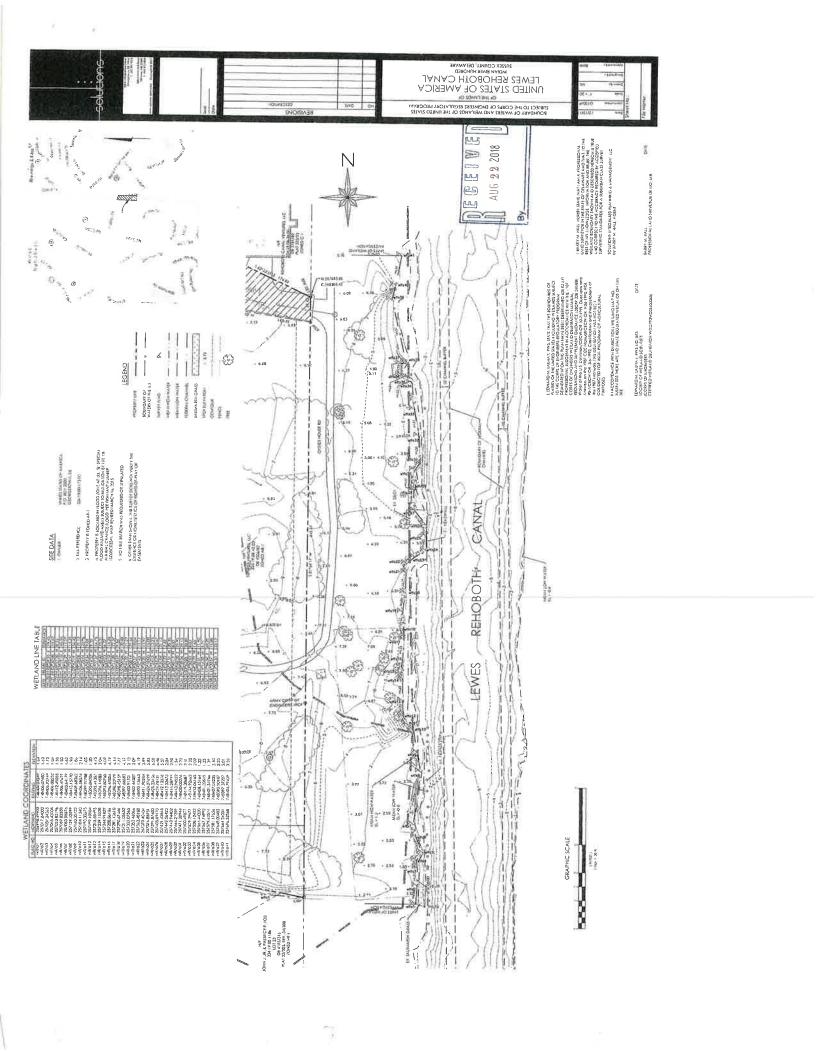
Resource Guidance Map





11"x17" Existing Conditions Map





OYSTER HOUSE VILLAGE COMMUNITY DOCK OPERATION & MAINTENANCE PLAN

April 5, 2018

Prepared for:

OYSTER HOUSE VILLAGE HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION

c/o OHV DE LLC. 34 East Germantown Pike #203 Norristown, PA 19401

Prepared by:





ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES, INC.

38173 DuPont Boulevard Post Office Box 169 Selbyville, Delaware 19975 Phone: (302) 436-9637

ERI Project No.: 0807#0696

. . . r.K. 1 u 2018

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Introduction and Dock Site History

General Dock Information

- A) Facility Name and Address
- B) Name of Owner and Operator Including Contact Information
- C) Personnel Contact Information
- D) Emergency Numbers

Responsible personnel numbers (home, office, cell)

Emergency response team numbers (fire station, coast guard, ambulance, etc.)

Event Response Numbers

Part I: Dock Overview

- A) Plans
- B) Water Depths
- C) Slip Capacity and Dock Configuration
- D) MSD Types and Numbers
- E) Fueling Location, Rules and Procedures
- F) Sanitation Location and Rules
- G) Seasonal Wet Storage Reduction Plan

Part II: Pumpout Compliance

- A) Pumpout Operations and Procedures
- B) Number and Types of MSD's on Vessels
- C) Pumpout Sharing Agreement
- D) State of Delaware Pumpout Law

Part III: Stormwater Management

A) Stormwater Management Practices/Plan

DRAFT

Part IV: Materials and Waste Management

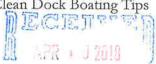
A) Handling, Storage and Disposal of Materials and Waste

Part V: Emergency Planning

- A) Responsible Personnel and Emergency Response Numbers
- B) Fuel/Oil Spill Prevention and Containment Practices
- C) Sewage Spill Prevention and Containment Practices
- D) Fire
- E) Hurricane/Severe Weather

Part VI: Dock Rules and Regulations and General Guidance

- A) Dock Rules and Regulations for Boaters
- B) Oyster House Village Community Dock Clean Dock Boating Tips
- C) State of Delaware Fish Waste Policy





INTRODUCTION

OHV DE LLC (owner) wishes to construct and operate a 20-slip community dock and associated shoreline improvements along the Lewes Rehoboth Canal. The facility will be operated by OHV DE LLC until the completion of the Oyster House Village. Upon completion, The Oyster House Village Homeowners Association, Inc. (Homeowners Association (HOA)) will assume management of the facility. Permits for the proposed dock have been submitted to state and federal resource agencies. The facility will consist of a 520 foot long dock with the capability of mooring a maximum of 20 boats. A kayak launch ladder is proposed along the dock. The owner has also requested a license from the Corps of Engineers Real Estate Division to construct and operate the facility. Use of the 20 slip community dock will be limited to residents of the Oyster House Village community. A portable marine pumpout station will be situated adjacent to the community dock. In addition, signage with dock rules will be located at a small land based storage building, housing the portable marine pumpout station and spill kit.

In order to comply with requirements and future permit conditions of authorizations pending from the Delaware Department of Natural Resources & Environmental Control (DNREC), Wetlands and Subaqueous Lands Section (WSLS), this Operation and Maintenance Plan (O&M Plan) has been developed. The O&M Plan serves to describe the facility, define how the facility will be operated utilizing best management practices (BMPs), and provide rules and procedures for users of the facility. The goal of the O&M Plan is to protect the water quality of the Lewes Rehoboth Canal and to ensure that the Dock is operated in a safe manner. Please note this O&M Plan may be revised upon based upon receipt of a DNREC, WSLS Permit, should there be any potential unknown permit special conditions.

The owner/operator of the Dock facility is required to:

- 1. Update and submit the O&M Plan to DNREC, WSLS for re-approval every four (4) years from the date DNREC approves the facility as fit for operation, or upon transfer of ownership of the facility;
- 2. Ensure that the facility is operated and maintained as specified by the DNREC-approved O&M Plan and in a manner which protects the health, safety and welfare of dock employees, tenants and members of the general public;
- 3. Ensure that the facility is operated in compliance with the conditions of DNREC and any U.S. Army Corps of Engineers permits;
- 4. Ensure that dock tenants comply with the O&M Plan;
- 5. Provide copies of the O&M Plan to all dock tenants; and
- 6. Take appropriate action to deal with dock tenants who violate the O&M Plan.





GENERAL DOCK INFORMATION

A) Facility Name and Address

Oyster House Village Community Dock

Oyster House Road, Rehoboth Beach, Delaware 19971

Parcel: 173.00 Tax Map: 334-19.00

Lewes Rehoboth Hundred, Sussex County, Delaware

B) Name of Owner

OHV DE LLC

C/O Mr. Keith Delaney

(484) 322-5440

34 East Germantown Pike #203 Norristown, Pennsylvania 19401

C) Operator & Personnel Contact Information

Harbormaster/Oyster House Village Community Dock

Office No.: (484) 322-5440

C/O Mr. Keith Delaney

34 East Germantown Pike #203

Norristown, Pennsylvania 19401

D) Emergency Numbers

Responsible Personnel:

Oyster House Village Community Dock	Harbormaster (484) 322-5440
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Mr. Keith Delaney

Emergency Response Numbers:

Police/Fire/An	nbulance	911
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U.S. COAST CTUATO SCATCH & RESCUE	U.S. Coast (Guard Search & Rescue	(757) 398-6700
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DNREC Emergency Response Team/Conservation Officer (800) 662-8802

In the event of a fuel, oil or sewage spill or fire, reporting contact numbers are:

Oyster House Village Community Dock Harbormaster	(484) 322-5440
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Owner (484) 322-544

Police/Medical/Fire Emergency 911

Local Fire Company – Rehoboth Beach (302) 227-8400

State Police (Non-emergency, Troop 7, Lewes DE) (302) 644-5020

U.S. Coast Guard (Indian River Inlet, DE) (302) 227-2439

DNREC Emergency Response Team/Dock Police (800) 662-8802

DNREC Inland Bays Pollution Reporting Hotline (800) 523-3336

Sussex County Operations Center (severe weather) 77 77 7302 855-7801



PART I: DOCK OVERVIEW

A) Plans

Plans sized at 8.5-inch by 11-inch for the community dock facility as currently proposed are included in *Appendix A* of this O&M Plan.

B) Water Depths

Local Range of Tides

Elevation:

+/-1.2' mean high water

Elevation:

0.0' North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88)

Elevation:

-0.8' mean low water

Elevation of community pier:

 $\pm 3.5'$

Design depth of Dock

Elevation:

-3.0' to -3.5' (NAVD 88)

C) Slip Capacity and Dock Configuration

Twenty-(20) recreational wet slip berths parallel mooring to 520' long community dock.

One (1) 4 x 8 kayak launch ladder

One (1), six (6) feet by 24 feet access pier to the mainland.

One (1), six (6) by eight (8) feet access pier to the mainland.

One (1) marina storage building which includes spill containment equipment, fire extinguisher, and life ring station, portable marine pump out station, and signage at the entrance to the community dock.

D) MSD Types and Numbers

Unknown at this time, records may be kept by operator based upon future community dock tenant records.

E) Fueling Location, Rules and Procedures

The community dock does not contain fueling facilities.

Community dock tenants are advised that fueling by commercial distributors is not permitted without permission and direct supervision by the Harbormaster who oversees safety precautions.

When fuel is carried onboard, it should only be done so in an approved container or in a portable tank as provided for outboard engines, and should be safely stowed outside of engine or living compartments.

Fueling should not be done at night except under well-lighted conditions.

The quantity of fuel to be taken aboard vessel in fuel tanks should be determined beforehand in order to avoid overfilling.

87:_____

Tanks should never be completely filled. A minimum of 10 percent of tank space should be allowed for fuel expansion.

After fueling, any spillage should be wiped up. Place contaminated material in a sealed plastic bag, then dispose of onshore in the dock trash dumpster.

F) Sanitation Location and Rules

A restroom for the use of the Oyster House Village Community Dock tenants and guests is located at the community clubhouse. A sewage pumpout station for vessels is located in the marina storage building adjacent to the community dock. Community dock tenants shall use the shore side bathroom facilities at their homes or at the community clubhouse at all times while docked at the marina.

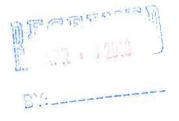
Tenants are advised by this O&M Plan that the discharge, by any means, of untreated or inadequately treated vessel sewage into or upon the waters of any dock, boat docking facility or tidal water of the State of Delaware is strictly prohibited by Delaware law. Violation is punishable by a minimum \$1,000 fine and up to a \$25,000 fine per violation.

G) Seasonal Wet Storage Reduction Plan

The Oyster House Village Community Dock is not expected to moor live-aboard vessels or vessels which would otherwise require year-round mooring. Removal of vessels or any subsequently authorized jet ski floats for winter storage will be encouraged by September 10. Spring launching will be encouraged after April 1. No boat docking will be permitted at any time on the portion of the pier north of the north access pier (northern 200' section of dock) from September 10 through March 31 of any calendar year. This portion of dock shall be made available to the DNREC Water Management Section to facilitate their seasonal dredging operations.

Special provisions for maintaining vessels within the dock for sporting or other similar purposes will be on a case-by-case basis with the permission of the Harbormaster. Any vessels moored at the dock which are not properly maintained and inspected by their owner or which, in the sole discretion of the owner or Harbormaster, present a threat to the health or safety of the public or the environment may be removed by the owner at the cost of the tenant. Reasonable notice depending on circumstances shall be given to the tenant prior to removal of the vessel.





PART II: PUMPOUT COMPLIANCE

A) Pumpout Operations and Procedures

Tenants will be provided a copy of this O&M Plan which designates the location of the portable marine pumpout station located at the dock storage building adjacent to the community dock Notice of Delaware pumpout regulations is provided on dock signage and the O&M Plan including penalties for noncompliance.

Pumpout Procedures:

- 1. Remove cap from the waste fitting on the boat;
- 2. Attach a suitable adapter to the dock fitting and hand tighten;
- 3. Place coupler over the adapter and lock;
- 4. Open valve;
- 5. Start pump;
- 6. If using a suction nuzzle, insert it into the deck fitting (do not twist). Hold in place until pumpout is complete;
- 7. Observe pumpout through sight glass;
- 8. If rinse is desired, flush with fresh water (If potable water source is used for rinse, be certain that a back flow prevention devise is installed on the water service line.);
- 9. Pump out rinse water. Close the valve and return hose and adapter;
- 10. Stop the pump.

Maintenance Procedures: Major maintenance procedures and winter storage are the responsibility of the dock operator. However, the following minimum maintenance will be required in all cases by individual users of pump station facilities:

- 1. Hoses should be flushed daily by pumping clean water through the system and emptying it into the disposal system. Never discharge flush water onto the ground or into the dock waters;
- 2. Disinfect the suction connection by dipping in bleach or spraying with a disinfectant after each use.

B) Number and Types of MSD's on Vessels

The number and types of MSD's aboard future vessels at the Oyster House Village Community Dock is unknown at this time. Records will be kept by the operator based upon future tenant agreements.

C) Pumpout Sharing Agreement

Since the Oyster House Village Community Dock will provide its own facilities, no pumpout agreements with other existing Docks have been made.

D) State of Delaware Pumpout Law

The State of Delaware laws pertaining to dock operations provide pumpout facilities and laws prohibiting the discharge of untreated or inadequately treated vessel sewage.

State Law on Vessel Sewage Discharge

7 Delaware Code Chapter 60 § 6035

Vessel sewage discharge

- (a) Dock owners/operators for docks that are located in whole or in part on tidal waters of the State, and that provide dockage for vessels with a portable toilet(s) or Type III marine sanitation devise(s) (MSD), shall provide convenient access, as determined by the Department, in an approved, fully operable and well maintained pumpout facility(ies) and/or dump station(s) for the removal of sewage from said vessels to a Department approved sewage disposal system.
- (b) (1) Owners/operators may agree to pool resources for a single pumpout dump station with Departmental approval based on criteria of number and class of vessels, dock locations, cost per pumpout use, and ultimate method of sewage treatment and disposal (i.e., septic system or wastewater treatment facility).
 - (2) The owner/operator of any boat docking facility that is located in whole or in part on tidal waters of the State, and that provides dockage for a live-aboard vessel(s) with a Type III marine sanitation device(s), shall install and maintain at all times, in a fully operable condition, an approved dedicated pumpout facility at each live-aboard vessel slip for the purpose of removing sewage from the live-aboard vessel on a continuous or automatic, intermittent basis to a Department (DNREC) approved sewage disposal system.
 - (3) Any discharge, by any means, of untreated or inadequately treated vessel sewage into or upon the waters of any dock, boat docking facility or tidal water of the State is prohibited.
 - (4) All vessels while on waters of the State shall comply with 33 U.S.C. § 1322, as amended February 4, 1987.
 - (5) The Secretary shall have authority to adopt reasonable rules and regulations to implement this section.





PART III: STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

(A) Stormwater Management Practices/Plan

The Oyster House Village Community Dock strives to meet the needs of its recreational boating community while protecting the aquatic resources upon which they depend.

The Oyster House Village Community Dock does not contain any areas for major vessel maintenance or repairs, nor may these activities occur on the property. Such activities include bottom or hull painting, repairs, scraping or engine overhauls. Only minor maintenance such as washing, polishing and limited inboard painting are permitted to occur while vessels are moored. Any request for an exception to these prohibitions with just cause must be approved by the Harbormaster prior to conducting work. Appropriate measures for protecting water quality must be implemented prior to and during such work as directed by the Harbormaster or owner.



PART IV: MATERIALS & WASTE MANAGEMENT

(A) Handling, Storage, and Disposal of Materials and Waste

Materials—A fueling facility is not located at the Dock.

All cleaning agents, solvents, paints, and pesticides utilized at the facility by the dock operator or his employees shall be safely stored in their original container in a covered storeroom or locker located at the community clubhouse or other appropriate location. Quantities of such materials shall be kept at a minimum. Privately-owned materials aboard vessels shall be kept at a minimum. Materials shall be kept secure in a covered area in original containers at all times.

Proper disposal of waste oil, oil absorbent sponges and similar materials are the responsibility of the tenants. Waste oil can be recycled at the nearest Delaware Solid Waste Authority (DSWA) recycling collection center.

Fish Waste-The Oyster House Village Community Dock does not contain an approved fish cleaning or fish waste recycling facility. Therefore, fish cleaning and disposal of fish wastes within the waters of the dock or the dock complex is prohibited. Residents and fishermen are encouraged to dispose of fish waste in accordance with DNREC's Fish Waste Management Policy as found at Part VI, C.

Other types of refuse shall be placed within private trash receptacles of residents. It shall be the responsibility of each resident to provide an appropriate trash removal schedule. Recycling of recyclable waste is encouraged.

Sanitary Wastes—Dock tenants and guests shall use the shore side bathroom facilities at all times when docked at the dock. No discharge of untreated or inadequately treated sewage is permitted within the dock or waters of the State under penalty of law. Sanitary waste from vessels shall be discharged at the dock pumpout station located on the community dock at the community clubhouse.

Bilge Water-Dock tenants are encouraged to use oil absorbent "sponges" in bilges at all times. Bilge water should not be pumped overboard in the dock but should be discharged at sea when possible. All vessels with automatic bilge pumps are requested to use absorbent sponges. Used sponges should be properly disposed of in the private trash receptacles of each resident.



PART V: EMERGENCY OPERATIONS

A) Responsible Personnel:

Oyster House Village Community Dock Harbormaster, Reg. Office No.: (484) 322-5440

Emergency Response Numbers:

Police/Fire/Ambulance	911
U.S. Coast Guard Search & Rescue	(757) 398-6700
DNREC Emergency Response Team/Dock Police	(800) 662-8802

In the event of a fuel, oil or sewage spill or fire, reporting contact numbers are:

Oyster House Village Community Dock Harbormaster	(484) 322-5440
Police/Medical/Fire Emergency	911
Local Fire Company – Rehoboth Beach Vol Fire Co.	(302) 227-8400
State Police (Non-emergency, Troop 7, Lewes, DE)	(302) 644-5020
U.S. Coast Guard (Indian River Inlet, DE)	(302) 227-2439
DNREC Emergency Response Team/Dock Police	(800) 662-8802
DNREC Inland Bays Pollution Reporting Hotline	(800) 523-3336
Sussex County Operations Center (severe weather)	(302) 855-7801

B) Fuel/Oil Spill Prevention and Containment Practices

Spills

Any dock patron who observes a spill should report it immediately to the dock Harbormaster or owner, DNREC and Coast Guard. Any dock tenant who causes or contributes to a spill of fuel, oil or other toxic substance should take immediate steps to:

- 1. Find and stop the cause of the spill.
- 2. Contain the spill if possible.
- DRAFT 3. Report the spill to dock Harbormaster or owner, DNREC and the U.S. Coast Guard.

BY:----

An on-site spill containment kit and containment boom is stored in the community clubhouse in a storage building designated with a sign. dock tenants are provided access information to this location.

- 4. In the event the spill cannot be quickly and readily contained, request immediate assistance from DNREC and the U.S. Coast Guard.
- 5. Properly dispose of all contaminated containment and clean-up materials.

C) Sewage Spill Prevention and Containment Practices

Community dock tenants shall be trained by the Harbormaster in the use of the community sewage pumpout system. Use of the pumpout system will be available during the normal operation during the boating season. Dock occupants will follow the pumpout procedures prescribed in Section II A of the O&M Plan.

D) Fire

It shall be the responsibility of all dock occupants with motorized vessels to maintain adequate onboard U.S. Coast Guard-approved fire extinguisher protection. An additional fire extinguisher is located at the community clubhouse. Each resident shall maintain an operable fire extinguisher at their home.

Any dock occupant who observes a fire which is not immediately contained with on-site equipment shall contact 911, and the Harbormaster and the owner.

E) Hurricane/Severe Weather

Community dock tenants and the Harbormaster shall keep advised of pending severe weather conditions. Information on emergency situations can be obtained from the Sussex County Operations Center, 302-855-7801. In the case of impending severe weather, the following measures are the responsibility of each tenant.

Removal of the boat from the water and storage away from the water and out of harm's way if at all possible;

If the boat cannot be removed from the water, all portable fuel tanks, Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) or propane tanks from grills or stoves, porta-potties and other loose gear should be removed from the vessel, and the vessel must be properly secured using extra lines and fenders if warranted.

Upon inspection of moored vessels prior to a severe weather event and after an attempt to notify boat owners to take action; the Harbormaster shall have the discretion to move a vessel, add additional mooring lines, or under take other necessary measures to properly secure a vessel. It will be the responsibility of the boat owner to reimburse the cost of such actions to the HOA.

PART VI: MARINA RULES AND REGULATIONS AND GENERAL GUIDANCE

A) Dock Rules and Regulations for Boaters

- 1. Any vessel entering the waters of the Oyster House Village Community Dock or moored at the marina as a tenant or transient vessel along with the operator and owner of said vessels shall be subject to these rules, this DNREC-pending approval O&M Plan for the facility, DNREC marina and boating regulations, and U.S. Coast Guard regulations.
- 2. No person shall dock or anchor a vessel within the waters of the Dock complex or launch a vessel from the marina complex unless the owner/operator of the vessel has secured a share, rented or purchased a berth area as required for usage. Contracts for usage shall be at the discretion of the owners. A copy of this O&M Plan shall be provided to each homeowner within the marina.
- 3. Docking or launching of vessels will be only as directed and permitted by the owner or Harbormaster.
- 4. No major repair work shall take place aboard any vessel or within marina grounds except for unusual cause and as permitted by the Harbormaster or owner.
- 5. The marina does not contain any refueling facilities. Tenants refueling vessels shall do so only as specified by the marina O&M Plan, Part I,E.
- 6. No refuse, trash, oil or effluents shall be thrown or pumped overboard within the waters of the marina, channel approaches or other water of the State.
- 7. Disorderly conduct by a boat owner, his crew or guests is not permitted.
- 8. Safety precautions must be observed and compiled with in all marina areas.
 - a. Swimming or diving is prohibited from all piers, docks, bulkheads and vessels within the marina waters.
 - b. Running or horseplay is prohibited on all piers, docks and bulkheads.



- c. Use of barbecue grills or other type of portable open flame devices is prohibited in docks or vessels moored within the marina.
- 9. Fish cleaning is prohibited within the marina complex.
- 10. It is prohibited to throw or dump in the waters or on the grounds of the marina any fish remains, parts or pieces thereof. Recycling of fish waste shall be in accordance with State policies provided in the O&M Plan.
- 11. No person shall go aboard any vessel docked within the marina without the expressed permission of the owner or master of such vessel.

- 12. The dock and its surroundings are a "no wake" zone. Operate your vessels cautiously at all times.
- 13. Community dock tenants are responsible for maintaining the knowledge of and complying with emergency procedures for fuel spills, oil spills, fires, hurricane and severe weather as detailed in the O&M Plan.
- 14. Community dock tenants and patrons shall comply with the following marina policies and operation procedures.
- 15. Operate your vessel and conduct yourself in accordance with Oyster House Village Community Dock Clean Marina Boating Tips.

B) Oyster House Village Community Dock Clean Marina Boating Tips

For use around the Community Dock and while on the water anywhere.

Contain Trash

- · Do not let trash get thrown or blown overboard.
- · If trash blows overboard, retrieve it-consider it "crew-overboard" practice.
- · Pack food in reusable containers.
- · Buy products without plastic or excessive packaging-plastic is deadly to fish and birds.
- Do not toss cigarette butts overboard-they are made of plastic (cellulose acetate).

Recycle

- · Recycle cans, glass, paper, plastic, newspaper, antifreeze, oil and batteries.
- · Recycling facilities are located throughout the area.
- · Bring used monofilament fishing line to recycling bins.

Fuel Cautiously

- The Oyster House Village Community Dock does not contain a refueling facility. Use proper containers and fuel carefully if carrying fuel onboard your vessel.
- · Shut down engines during fueling.
- · Do not smoke during refueling.
- · Ventilate all spaces and check for gasoline vapors before starting engines.
- · Do not use soaps or dispersants on spills.
- Remember, fuel expands as it warms up. If you fill your tank, fill it only 90 95 percent full to prevent expansion and spillage.
- · Use the oil absorbent pads to capture back splash and vent line overflow during fueling.
- Add a fuel conditioner to your tank if you use your engine infrequently.

Control Oil in the Bilge

- Keep your engine well tuned-no leaking seals, gaskets or hoses.
- Place oil absorbent material or a bio-remediating bilge boom in the bilge.
- Place an oil absorbent pad under the engine.
- Replace oil absorbent materials regularly.
- · Check fuel lines for damage-replace with alcohol resistant hoses.
- · Secure fuel hoses to prevent chafing and leaks.

BY:---

Never discharge bilge water with a sheen—it is illegal.

Waste Oil

· Dispose of waste oil at recycling facility.

· Do not discharge waste oil into storm drains, the Marina lagoons, or waters of the State of Delaware.

Properly Dispose of Oil Absorbent Materials

· If the pad is saturated with gas, allow it to air dry. Reuse.

- If the pad is saturated with diesel or oil, double bag it in plastic—one bag sealed inside another. Dispose in your regular trash.
- · Bio-remediating bilge booms should not be sealed in plastic bags—the microbes need oxygen to function. Discard in regular trash or marina dumpster.

Clean Gently

· Be environmentally-aware.

· Wash your boat frequently with a sponge and plain water.

· Use detergents sparingly.

- · Use phosphate-free, biodegradable and non-toxic cleaners.
- · Wax your boat—a good coat of wax prevents surface dirt from becoming ingrained.
- · Clean wood with a mild soap powder and a nylon brush-not harsh chemical cleaners.
- Conserve water—put a spray nozzle on your hose.

Maintain Your Vessel Wisely

· Major boat maintenance and repair are not permitted at the Oyster House Village Community Marina.

Sewage Pumpout & Management

- · Never discharge any sewage into the waters of the Oyster House Village Community Marina.
- · Never discharge raw or inadequately treated sewage in Delaware waters within three miles of shore.
- Use restrooms on shore.
- · Under way, use approved Marine Sanitation Devises (MSD's).
- Establish regular maintenance schedule for your MSD based on manufacturer's recommendations.
- · Pump out and rinse holding tanks regularly.
- · Use pumpout station located at the Dock storage building adjacent to the community clubhouse.
- · Use enzyme based products to control odor and reduce solids in holding tanks.
- Avoid holding tank products that contain quaternary ammonium compounds (QAC) and formaldehyde.

Dispose of Fish Waste Properly

- Fishing, crabbing and netting fish are not permitted on the marina docks.
- Do not clean fish within the marina basin.
- · Do not discharge fish waste at the marina.
- Follow DNREC's Fish Waste Management policy.

BY:----

Protect Sensitive Habitat

- · Proceed slowly in shallow areas.
- · Do not disturb wildlife.
- · Avoid contact with submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV).
- · Watch your wake-it can lead to shoreline erosion and disturb wildlife.

Be a Responsible Boater

- · Contact the Harbormaster in the event of any emergency.
- · Have a hurricane/storm plan.
- · Learn about products and practices which are environmentally safe.
- Share the information with other boaters.
- · Help guests understand that, on your boat, no trash is thrown overboard.
- Obey laws governing speeding, littering and discharge.
- · Encourage other boating facilities to provide trash cans, recycling bins and pumpout stations.
- · Support Marinas that are environmentally responsible.
- Note the location of fire extinguishers at your home and the Marina.

Be a Good Neighbor

- · Be a responsible boater.
- · Conserve water and electricity.
- · Make sure your boat is secure to the dock at all times.
- · Keep your pets on a leash no longer than 6 feet and under control at all times.
- · Clean up after your pets.
- · Supervise children at all times.
- Do not affix anything to the docks without the homeowners association (HOA) approval.
- · Do not affix anything to the power posts, including electric cords and/or garden hoses.
- · Use carts to transport items to and from your boat instead of dragging items along the surface of the docks.
- Be aware of the location of safety ladders and life ring stations.
- · Throw a Personal Flotation Device to a person who has fallen overboard rather than attempt to swim to the person.

Enjoy!



C) State of Delaware Fish Waste Policy

FISH WASTE MANAGEMENT POLICY (No. 90-01)

Purpose

The purpose of this policy is to encourage the recycling of fish wastes back into the natural ecosystem in a manner that will not degrade water quality or cause other adverse environmental impacts. Any fish wastes which are recycled back into the ecosystem in accordance with the guidelines established below shall not be considered to be a discharge requiring a permit from the Department.

Background

Because of the potential for fish wastes which are improperly managed to cause dissolved oxygen depressions and other adverse environmental effects, as well as odors and nuisances, DNREC has developed a policy regarding their management.





Application

The policy will be implemented in both fresh and tidal waters and will apply to:

- All private individuals who harvest fish or shellfish for recreational purposes, or for private use or consumption;
- Commercial fishermen;
- Head and charter boat owners and operators;
- Bait Concessions

Authority

The Department's (DNREC) Marina Regulations state that fish wastes must be disposed of in accordance with 7 Delaware Code, Chapter 60. Fish wastes (carcasses, entrails, scales, etc.) are included in the definition of "solid waste" and are a "pollutant" as defined in Chapter 60. In accordance with 56003, a permit is required to discharge these wastes into any surface or ground water. However, the purpose of this policy, as stated above, is to allow fish wastes to be recycled back into the ecosystem without a permit from the Department as long as the guidelines established below are adhered to. Those who do not follow established guidelines will be subject to fines and penalties as provided in 7 Del. C. §6005 and/or §6013.

Guidelines

In order to implement this policy in a manner consistent with the purpose stated above, the following guidelines are hereby established:

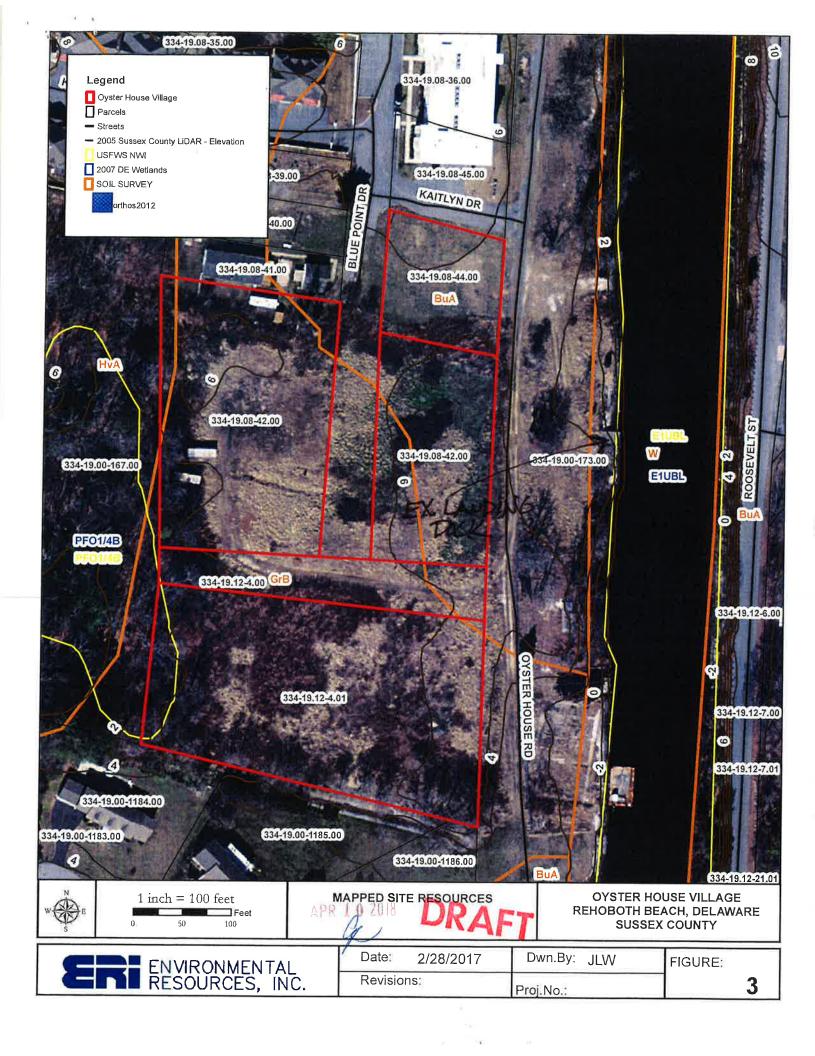
- 1. In order to prevent violations of the Delaware Surface Water Quality Standards, fish wastes should not be discharged into surface waters in any dead end lagoons or other poorly flushed locations. A dead end lagoon shall mean an enclosed embayment with only one opening. A recommended best management practice is to discharge on outgoing tides.
- 2. Fish wastes should be recycled back into the ecosystem from which the organisms were originally harvested.
- 3. Collected fish wastes should be handled in such a manner so as not to introduce other contaminants into the waste prior to recycling back into the ecosystem
- 4. Fish should be cleaned and uncontaminated fish wastes disposed of at sea whenever practicable.
- 5. Fish waste recycling within marina basins shall only be allowed if in accordance with an Operations and Maintenance Plan which has been approved by the Department. Marinas shall not provide fish cleaning stations unless the activity has been included in the Operations and Maintenance Plan. Marinas which are not approved for fish waste recycling shall post signs warning fishermen that it is unlawful to dispose of fish wastes into the water at that location. The Department will consider the flushing characteristics of the marina basin when determining whether or not to approve fish recycling at that location.

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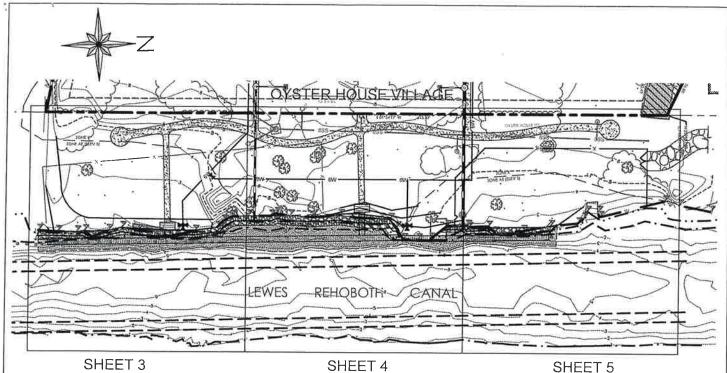
- 6. Fish wastes should not be recycled into surface waters in such a way that they will wash up onto any shoreline, or cause odors or other nuisances.
- 7. Oyster shells may be discharged into the waters of the State in accordance with Shellfish Management Programs, 7 Del. Code Chapter 19-12.

BY:____

APPENDIX A PROJECT PLANS







IMPACT TABLE

KEY MAP

PROPOSED STRUCTURES

PROPOSED 6' WIDE DOCK

 $= 540 L.F.\pm$

PROPOSED ACCESS PIERS OVER WATER

 $= 17 L.F.\pm$

MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VESSELS

= 20

PROPOSED RIPRAP FILL AREAS IN WATERS OF THE U.S.

ABOVE MEAN HIGH WATER

 $= 2,230 \text{ S.F.} \pm$

MEAN HIGH WATER TO MEAN LOW WATER

 $= 1,800 \text{ S.F.} \pm$

CHANNELWARD OF MEAN LOW WATER

 $= 30 \text{ S.F.} \pm$

DREDGE QUANTITIES

PROPERTY LINE

BOUNDARY OF

WATERS OF THE U.S.

MEAN HIGH WATER

MEAN LOW WATER

FEDERAL CHANNEL

SALTMARSH GRASS

AREA OF PROPOSED DREDGING $= 7,275 \text{ S.F.} \pm$ VOLUME OF PROPOSED DREDGING = 300 C.Y.±

EXISTING

LEGEND

CONTOUR

FENCE

TREE

DOCK / PIER

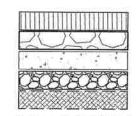
GRAVEL ACCESS DRIVE

PATH

RIPRAP BANK

LIMITS OF DREDGING

STORMDRAIN OUTFALL PIPE



PROPOSED

SPOT ELEVATION × 2.72

> **KEY MAP & IMPACT TABLE** PROPOSED COMMUNITY DOCK

EXISTING



TAX MAP 334-19.00-173.00 LEWES REHOBOTH HUNDRED SUSSEX COUNTY, DELAWARE

FEBRUARY 14, 2018

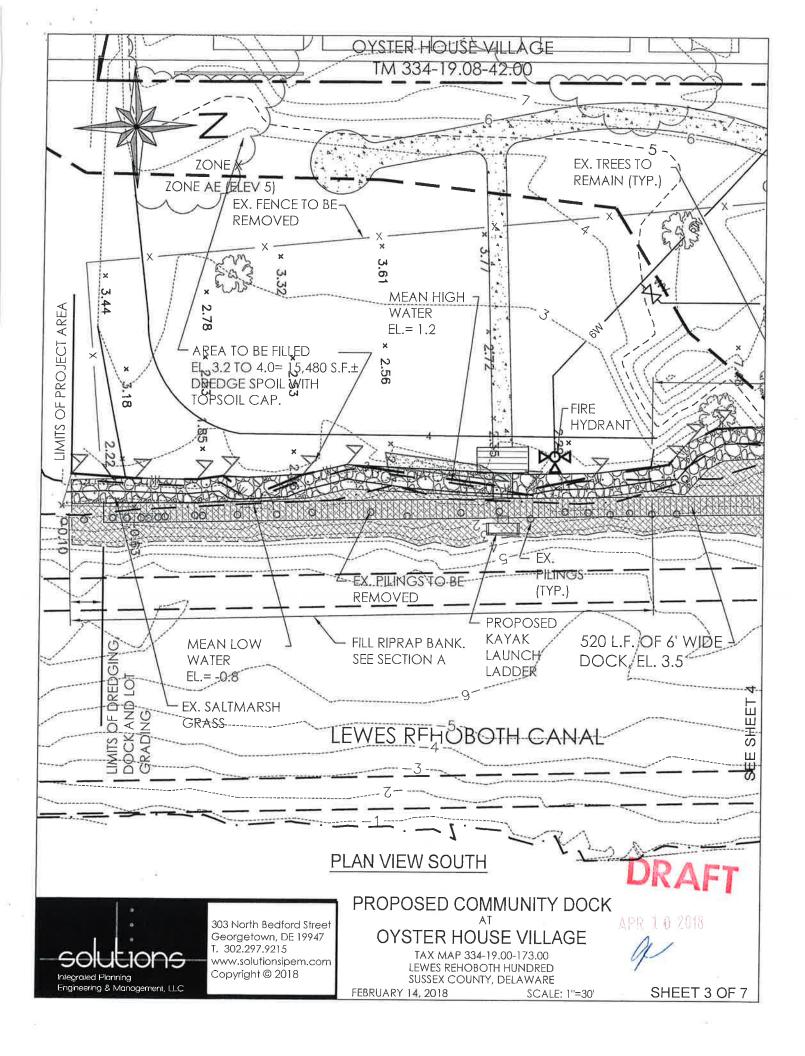
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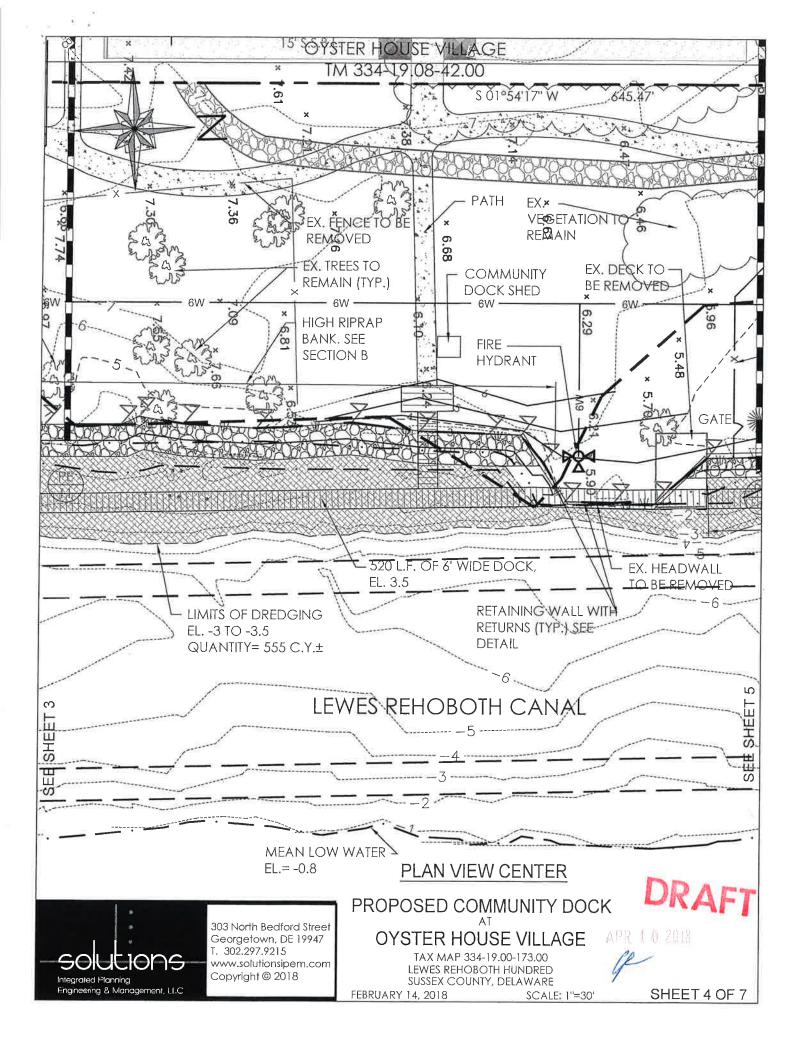


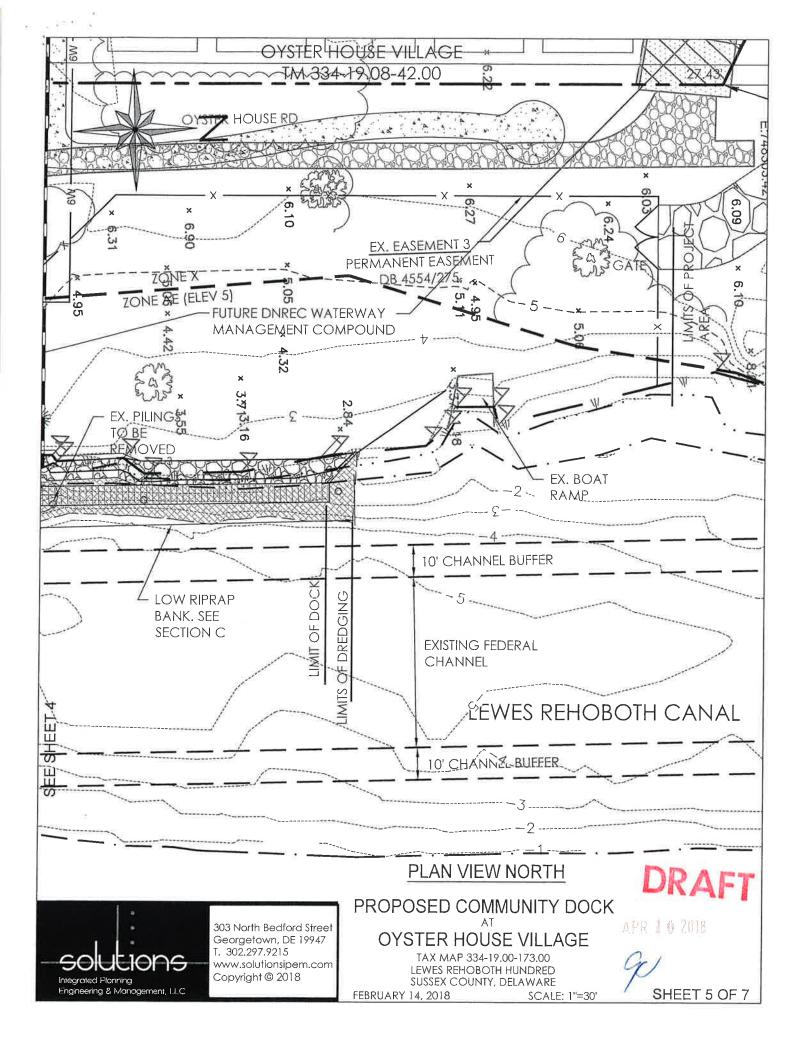
SHEET 2 OF 7

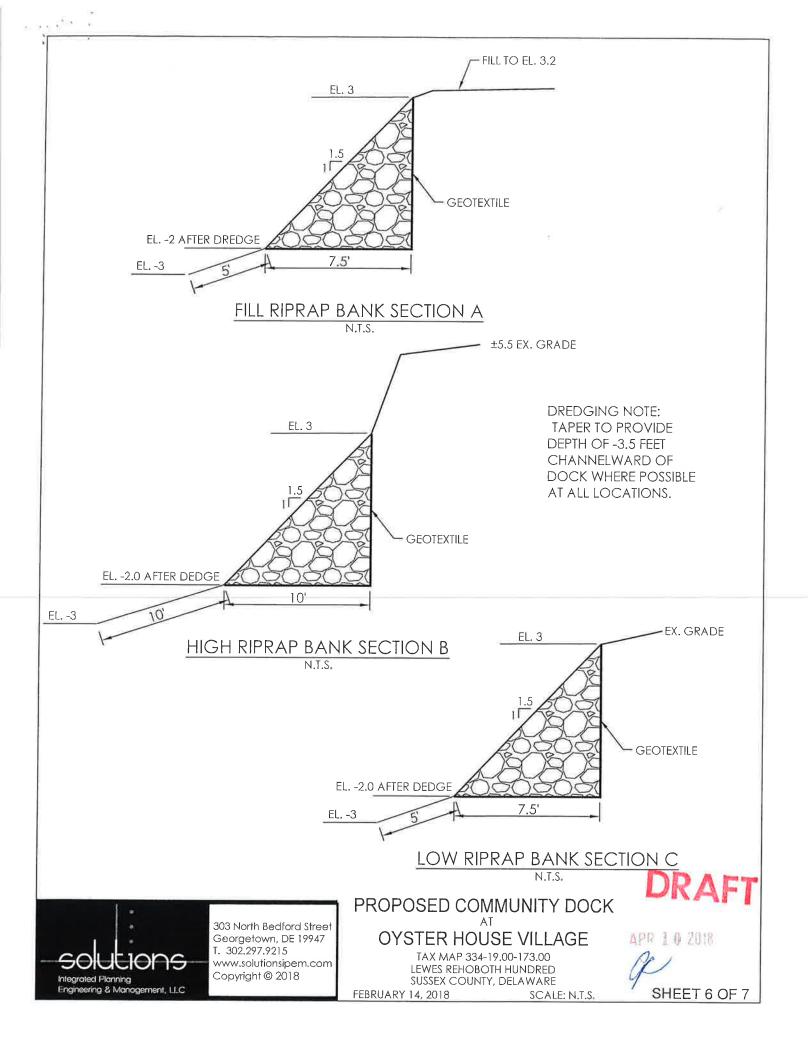
Integrated Planning Engineering & Management, LLC

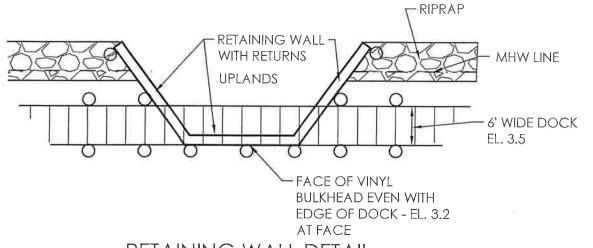
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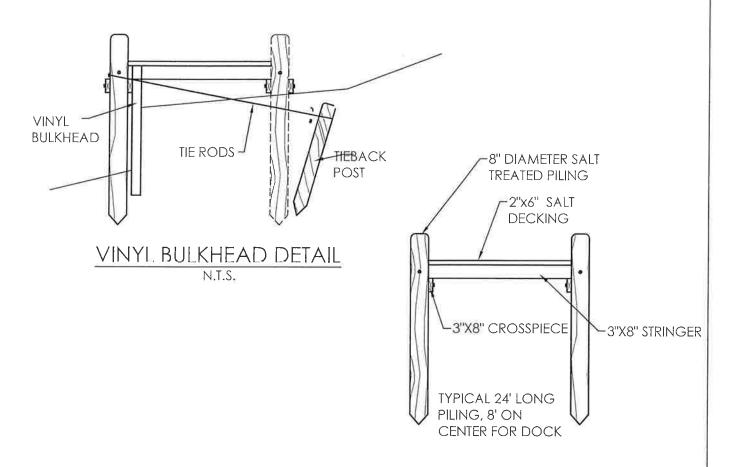








RETAINING WALL DETAIL



DOCK DETAIL

N.T.S.





agratic

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PROPOSED COMMUNITY DOCK

ΑT

APR 1 0 2018

OYSTER HOUSE VILLAGE

TAX MAP 334-19.00-173.00 LEWES REHOBOTH HUNDRED SUSSEX COUNTY, DELAWARE

FEBRUARY 14, 2018

SCALE: N.T.S.



SHEET 7 OF 7